



## **Brand Overview**

The cutting-edge image and creative designs of the Steven Madden Brand family appeal to stylish men, women, and children of various ages. Our fashion-forward footwear is available at major department stores, specialty retailers, and our company-owned stores and Internet shop.

The success of our brands is a direct result of our unparalleled understanding of our customers. We accurately detect new trends in each of our divisions and swiftly deliver those trends to our customers in the form of a Steven Madden, Ltd. product. In this way, we provide our brand-conscious consumers the innovative and exciting footwear offerings that they want when they want them.



Our flagship brand is our fashion-forward standard. It has evolved into the junior designer footwear label of choice in an ever widening variety of styles. Steve Madden Womens offers the right look at the right time for trendy young women between 16 and 25 years old. The shoes are multi-faceted with options from dress to casual to boots and sell for \$39 to \$100. As an extension of the popular line, we offer accessories including socks, belts, and sunglasses.



Steve Madden Mens was introduced in 2001 and rolled out in 2002 to an extraordinary reception. The line offers men, between 18 and 46 years old, a stylish and edgy variety of shoes, including fashion dress shoes, casual shoes, and boots priced at \$70 to \$100.

#### STEVEN SHOES BY STEVE MADDEN



Having replaced David Aaron in 2003, Steven embodies the feminine, cosmopolitan look of today's sophisticated women. The 26 to 45 year old age group has exhibited strong demand for the line of dress shoes, casual shoes, and boots for \$70 to \$120. A success right from its inception, the sleek, innovative line is gaining increasing recognition and popularity.





Stevies represents a lifestyle brand for young girls 6 to 12 years old. We are establishing a brand connection with these customers, who have become more brand and fashion conscious as a result of their broad exposure to the Internet, MTV, and other targeted media. The fun and funky shoes cost \$29 to \$45.

# Candie's.



In May of 2003, we signed a long-term license agreement to design, manufacture, and distribute Candie's footwear on an exclusive basis worldwide. A natural fit with our other brands, Candie's enjoys a different and enviable market positioning given its strength in the value tier of junior fashion footwear. The innovative, well-known line of footwear caters to women and children and rounds out our available categories and price points.



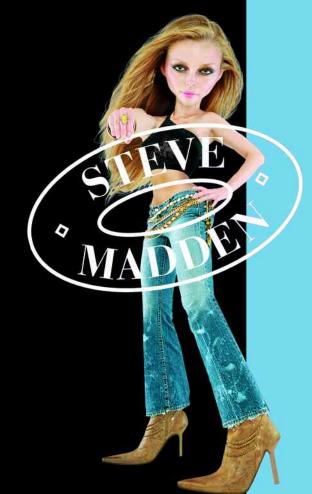


l.e.i. lends us a leading position in the junior footwear space. Between \$29 and \$49, the dress shoes, sandals and casual boots appeal to a growing market segment of women and children ages 6 to 20.

#### UNIONBAY,



In order to add breadth to our mens offering, we entered a license agreement in January of 2003 to design, manufacture, and market the UNIONBAY label for young men and boys. The casual shoes and boots feature wearable urban looks and retro designs with comfortable unit bottoms of unique design.

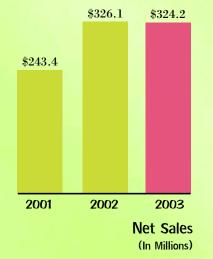


# **Financial Highlights**



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Income Statement	2003	2002	2001
Net sales	\$324,204,000	\$326,136,000	\$243,391,000
Gross profit	126,019,000	126,683,000	99,873,000
Income from operations	33,626,000	33,212,000	19,362,000
Net income	20,454,000	19,841,000	12,116,000
Net income per share:			
Basic	\$1.58	\$1.58	\$1.04
Diluted	\$1.45	\$1.45	\$0.94
Average common shares outstanding:			
Basic	12,985,265	12,594,861	11,617,862
Diluted	14,138,511	13,709,879	12,947,864
Balance Sheet	2003	2002	2001
Cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities	\$85,732,000	\$79,223,000	\$50,179,000
Short and long-term debt	0	0	0
Stockholders' equity	\$159,187,000	\$130,075,000	\$102,360,000







# Mission Statement

To sustain our position as a leading fashion-forward company by using our test-and-react business model to build on our branded footwear dominance, expand and diversify our product offering, and capitalize on strategic opportunities with strong partners in both the domestic and international markets.

## Dear Shareholders, Customers, and Employees:

Over the past several years, Steven Madden, Ltd. has evolved into a leading fashion-forward footwear company. As recently as two or three years ago, the Steve Madden brand was largely defined by a single, distinctive look for girls and young women. Today, we offer not only a broad assortment of styles for women but also a variety of shoes for men, boys, and young children, and to complement our footwear, we have leveraged the brand to include certain accessory categories. Our nimble test-and-react system, together with the dedication and talent of our employees, defines our culture and the way we operate. These elements have been the mechanism that successfully guides our development. In fact, over the past few years, we have made tremendous progress toward becoming a complete global lifestyle branded company. Even through challenging conditions, we have always held fast to the core elements of our business – delivery of timely product, a well-known portfolio of brands, an unmatched business model, and a pristine balance sheet. The resilience and versatility of our operations and the dedication of our employees enable us to remain on course to achieving our goals, driving profitability, and enhancing shareholder value for the long-term.

2003 marked a very significant year in our evolution. Despite the highly competitive and promotional retail environment, we both continued to build a foundation on which to expand and diversify our Company and further developed our business in response to changes in footwear trends and customer preferences. Specifically, we are proud of the following important accomplishments:

- Diversified our product offering by adding Candie's and UNIONBAY brands as well as introducing Steven, which replaced David Aaron
- Maintained and strengthened our debt-free balance sheet
- Extended our reach in international markets by selling in Europe
- Broadened our distribution by increasing wholesale channels and enlarging our retail store base
- Enhanced our infrastructure through obtaining new technology and improving operational systems

Alongside these accomplishments, we demonstrated our ability to adapt and respond to consumer demand. We began to move our product focus from a traditional, casual base into broader, dressier lines. The transition is a work in progress as we are constantly listening to our customers and using our test-and-react strategy to translate their demands into our diverse, branded products. We are confident that our fundamental strengths equip us with the tools to manage such shifts in industry dynamics and to continue evolving as a Company.

#### Excellent Financial Health Keeps Our Business Fundamentally Sound

In 2003, our financial health remained superb particularly as 2003 followed a record breaking 2002. Sales for the year were \$324.2 million compared with \$326.1 million last year. Annual expenses were nearly flat over 2002 on a total dollar basis and as a percent of sales. Net income increased 3% to \$20.5 million, or \$1.45 per diluted share, on 14,139,000 diluted weighted average shares outstanding. In fiscal 2002, net income was \$19.8 million, or \$1.45 per diluted share, on 13,710,000 diluted weighted average shares outstanding. Combined with our sales and earnings results, we maintained the flexibility afforded us by our \$85.7 million in cash, cash equivalents and investment securities, no short- or long-term debt, and \$159.2 million in stockholder equity. These results exhibit the stable, financial base that supports our expanding business.





#### Superior Brand Equity Defines Our Message

The Steve Madden brand stands for fashion-forward footwear and accessories for trend-conscious men, women, and children. During 2003, we deepened our brand portfolio not only by increasing our product offering but also by replacing the David Aaron line with the Steven line, supported by a new development team and marketing campaign. Candie's brought us a widely recognized brand of fresh, young shoes at affordable prices while UNIONBAY introduced depth to our male line. Our seven brands embody the latest styles, and our customers know that we will provide the products that are an expression of their youthful and stylish lifestyles.

#### Growth and Diversification Drive Our Promising Future

Looking to the near-term and beyond, we believe that we are well positioned to capitalize on the progress made in 2003. We anticipate facing challenges associated with adding divisions and moving into the different categories that accommodate our customers, but our strong operational foundation and our unique ability to change with our customer clearly defines and differentiates us. Our multi-faceted business allows for opportunities across various strategic growth platforms, and we will pursue those opportunities which drive sales performance while increasing profitability.

That said, we will focus our efforts on endeavors that both meet customer needs and fulfill our growth objectives going forward. We plan to invest and expand our presence in the most profitable wholesale doors and to enhance our specialized concept shops. Regarding company-owned stores, we expect to open between 8 and 12 new retail locations during 2004. As distribution in Europe gains traction, we will explore other avenues for establishing an international presence. We will also consider leveraging our brand equity by selectively evaluating licensing agreements and/or acquisitions that complement our existing divisions and meet our financial criteria. In terms of marketing, we will continue our laser targeted approach to attracting customers through promotions, advertising and the Internet. To maintain the efficiency of our operations, we will look for ways to further improve and modernize our infrastructure. Finally, we believe in strengthening the entire Steven Madden, Ltd. team, which is already comprised of the most creative and devoted people in the footwear industry. More than any other element, they are the critical component in the overall framework necessary to execute our initiatives.

The talent of our employees and the loyalty of our customers have been the drivers of our progress over the years. For that, we thank them and also rely on them to be the engine that leads us into the promising future. We at Steven Madden, Ltd. appreciate the lasting support and confidence of our valued shareholders. We are excited as we move forward and anticipate more success in the years ahead.

Jamieson Karson

Vice Chairman & Chief Executive Officer

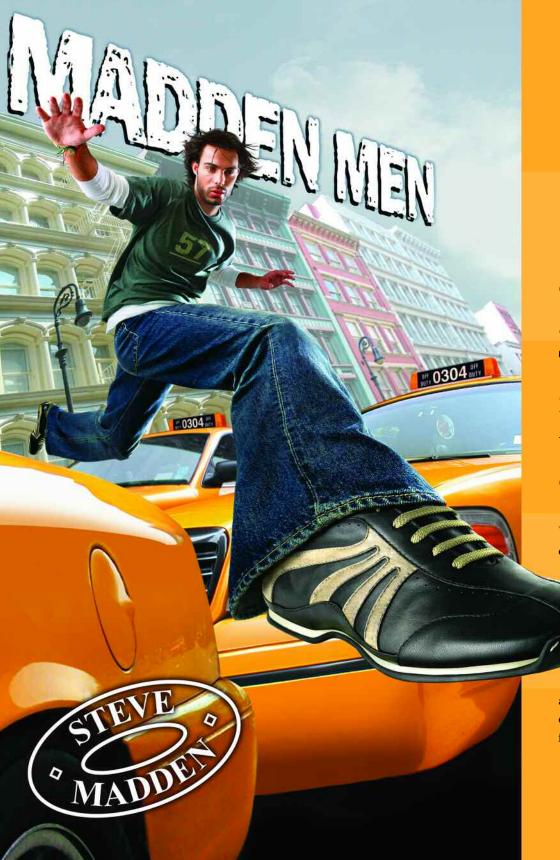
Richard Olicker

President & Chief Operating Officer

Arvind Dharia

Richard Oluke Amind Phania

Chief Financial Officer



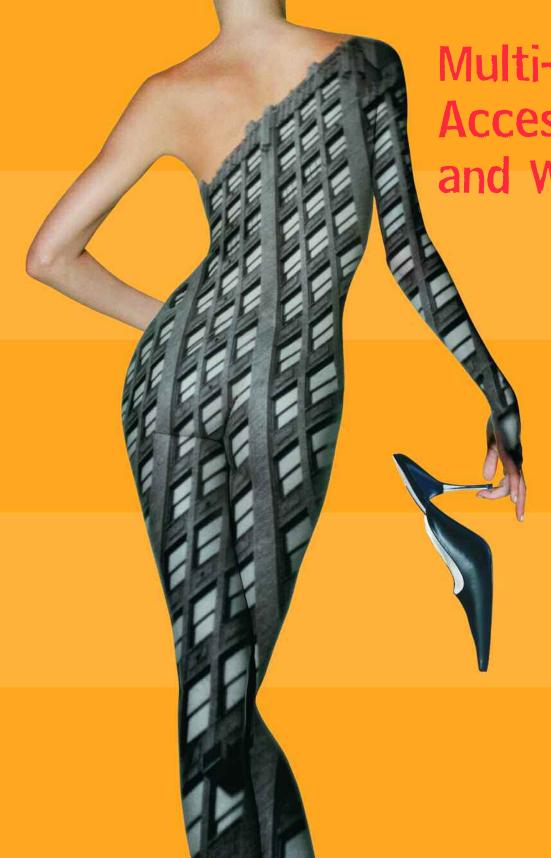
# Unparalleled Business Model Differentiates Us

Our test-and-react strategy truly differentiates us from our competitors and increases our market share.

This flexible model ensures that we not only accurately interpret fashion trends but also present them to our customers faster than our competitors.

We implement a production and replenishment system that allows us to maximize opportunities in season. We are able to effectively execute this model due to a strong infrastructure of human resources and technology to support the process.

Our designs lead the footwear industry due to the fact that we are dedicated to assembling the most talented, creative, and devoted team for each and every brand in our portfolio. With new brands in the mix, we will require more people to put our operating model into practice. We utilize the latest available technology that supplies us with superior inventory management capabilities. Our inventory turn was 9.2 times during 2003, and both wholesale and retail inventories are lean and current year after year. We cautiously manage on an ongoing basis our planning, sourcing, and shipping processes throughout each fiscal year.



Multi-channel Distribution Accesses Diversified Markets and Wide Range of Customers

From wholesale to retail to the Internet, our distribution represents a truly multi-channel method of market penetration. In other words, we reach our customers in every way they choose to shop.

In 2003, we opened new doors at wholesale and further developed our in-store concept shops. Given certain shifting industry trends, we faced some challenges in our wholesale division at the end of 2003. In response to these challenges, we acted aggressively to liquidate slower moving inventory and support the initiatives of our wholesale customers to clear products through retail channels. Wholesale revenues for the year were \$228.7 million versus \$234.3 million in 2002.

Relative to our wholesale division, our retail stores give us a higher degree of control as to the direction and image of our merchandise since we can observe directly and respond even more quickly to customer needs. During the year, we opened six new stores and closed three, ending 2003 with 83 locations, up from 80 in 2002. In 2003, retail contributed \$95.5 million to net sales, a 4% increase over last year's \$91.9 million. Same store sales decreased 3.9% but productivity remains high, with sales per square foot of \$644.

Our online store remains a very important means of reaching an even wider audience for our brands especially since it is our largest store in terms of revenues. During 2003, we combined our various web sites separately dedicated to men, women, and children into a single site. We also partnered with Amazon.com in a revenue sharing arrangement where our Company is a featured store under Amazon's shoe directory.

We keep our brands up-to-date, in demand, and top-of-mind through our unique grass roots marketing strategy that promotes our exciting brands and maximizes our visibility. Through sponsored events and in-store promotions, trade, print, and outdoor media, editorial coverage, product placement, and radio advertising, we reach our customers in a variety of carefully targeted ways.



In terms of sponsored events, we continue to align ourselves with organizations and activities that attract our consumer base and/or support our fashion lifestyle concept. Annual event highlights include the Stevies Model Search, the Rock N' Sole Band Search, and the Jingle Ball concert series, which we expanded this year to include Dallas, Miami and New York. Our outdoor media utilizes buses, bus shelters, subways, metro lights and billboards, and mall advertising. Third party endorsements from celebrities also add a tangible, aspirational element to our message. Not only VJ's on MTV can be found wearing our shoes but also celebrities like Kid Rock in a recent music video. This integrated overall marketing approach attracts the appropriate consumers from different angles and retains them with creative reinforcement.







New Jersey Nets Dancers



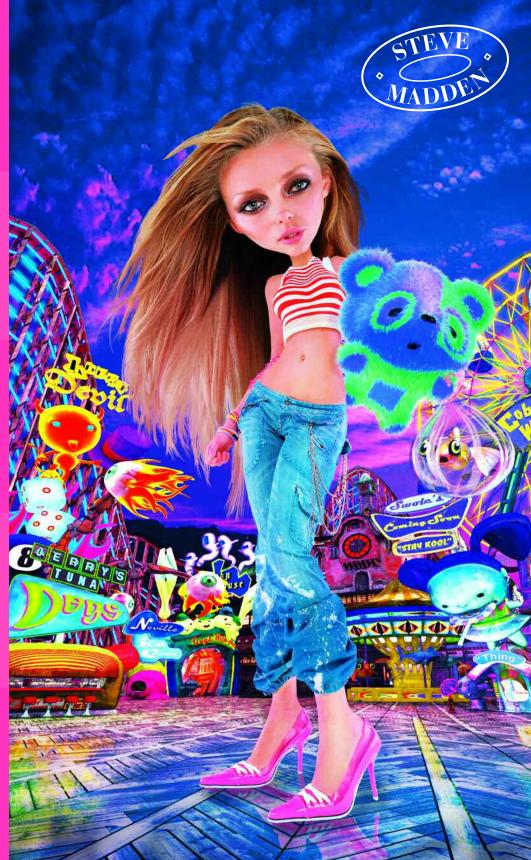
Hillary Duff at Jingle Ball



Hip-Hop Band 112 Store Signing

2003 proved as busy as ever in our pursuit of compelling media exposure. Over the course of the year, we sponsored events such as the Pro-Am Jam snowboarding event in Vernon, New Jersey, the Miss USA competition, and the Sundance Film Festival. Our "enter to win tickets" store events tied to special "meet and greet" opportunities drew customer interest and store traffic. In our Third Street Promenade store in Santa Monica, we hosted a live Hot 92 Jamz broadcast as well as shot and aired nationwide an MTV sorority segment. In terms of trade media, we appeared, among other places, in the launch issue of Teen Vogue, Us Weekly, Cosmopolitan, Rolling Stone, Maxim, New York Magazine, and Gotham. As for outdoor media, we put a mall poster campaign in place and built an enormous Steve Madden billboard in New York City's Herald Square across from both Macy's flagship store and our own 34th Street location.

Going forward, although we plan to stay true to our grass roots strategy, we will become more aggressive in our marketing initiatives. Already in 2004, Beyonce Knowles wore specially made shoes while performing the national anthem during Super Bowl XXXVIII, and we are sponsoring her in The Verizon Ladies First Tour which also features Alicia Keys and Missy Elliot. Beyonce is arguably the hottest teen icon in the world today and represents a stylish image aligned with that of our Company.



# Strategic Growth Platforms Extend Our Reach

An important initiative for us is the expansion of our brand and our business into complementary product categories beyond footwear, into new markets, and into strategic alliances.

As a result, we continually evaluate our options in search of the right partners for both diversification and protection of the integrity of our brand. Licensing royalty and commission as well as our private label comprise our other income source and leverage our unique identity into broader product categories. In 2003, other income increased 20% to \$7.9 million, in which licensing income increased 55% to \$2.8 million and private label Adesso-Madden increased 6% to \$5.1 million. Also during the year, we heightened consumer perception of our brand on an international level when we signed an exclusive agreement with F.E.E.T. sas to sell, market, and distribute Steven Madden footwear throughout Europe, excluding the United Kingdom. In the future, we will increase our geographic exposure and further build a global footprint. We will also explore opportunities to potentially execute strategic acquisitions. We are extremely conservative in our approach to this process and will only evaluate options that would not only successfully integrate with our existing businesses but also be immediately accretive to our bottom line.



#### Founder

Steve Madden, Creative and Design Chief

#### **Board of Directors**

Charles Koppelman, Executive Chairman of the Board
Jamieson Karson, Chief Executive Officer & Vice Chairman of the Board
Arvind Dharia, Chief Financial Officer & Director
John Madden, Director
Peter Migliorini, Director
Marc Cooper, Director
Awadhesh Sinha, Director
Roger Gladstone, Director

#### **Executive Officers**

Jeffrey D. Birnbaum, Director

Jamieson Karson, Chief Executive Officer
Richard Olicker, President & Chief Operating Officer
Arvind Dharia, Chief Financial Officer
Robert Schmertz, President of Steve Madden Womens & Brand Manager
John McCann, President of Le.i. Wholesale Division
Larry Paparo, President of Stevies
Harry Chen, Chairman of Madden Mens
Andrew Shames, President of Madden Mens & Unionbay
Gerald Mongeluzo, President of Adesso Madden, Inc.
Jay Litvack, President of David Aaron/Steven



#### **Annual Meeting**

10:00 am, May 21st, 2004 Steve Madden Showroom 1370 Sixth Avenue, Suite 1204 New York, NY 10019

#### Transfer Agent

American Stock Transfer & Trust Co. 6201 15th Avenue, 2nd Floor Brooklyn, NY 11219

#### **Investor Relations**

Financial Dynamics Wall Street Plaza 88 Pine Street, 32nd Floor New York, NY 10005 212,850,5600

#### Corporate Headquarters

Steven Madden LTD. 52-16 Barnett Avenue Long Island City, NY 11104 718.446.1800

#### Common Stock

The Company's common stock is listed on the Nasdaq National Market under the ticker symbol "SHOO"

#### **Independent Auditors**

Eisner, LLP 750 Third Avenue New York, NY 10017

#### **General Counsel**

Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft 100 Maiden Lane New York, NY 10038 Dennis Block, Esq. 212.504.5555

# Corporate Information



### STEVEN MADDEN, LTD. (SHOO)

#### 10-K

Annual report pursuant to section 13 and 15(d) Filed on 03/12/2004 Filed Period 12/31/2003



## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

[X] ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 Commission File Number 0-23702

STEVEN MADDEN, LTD.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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13-3588231

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. employer identification no.)

52-16 Barnett Avenue, Long Island City, New York 11104 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(718) 446-1800

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:
Common Stock, par value \$.0001 per share
Preferred Stock Purchase Rights

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No [].

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. [ ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). Yes [X] No [].

The aggregate market value of the common equity held by non-affiliates of the registrant (assuming for these purposes, but without conceding, that all executive officers and Directors are "affiliates" of the registrant) as of June 30, 2003, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, was approximately \$281,283,263 (based on the closing sale price of the registrant's common stock on that date as reported on The Nasdaq National Market).

The number of outstanding shares of the registrant's common stock as of March 9, 2004 was 13,323,905 shares.

#### DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:

PART III INCORPORATES CERTAIN INFORMATION BY REFERENCE FROM THE REGISTRANT'S DEFINITIVE PROXY STATEMENT FOR THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS SCHEDULED FOR MAY 21, 2004.

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#### ITEM 1 BUSINESS

Steven Madden, Ltd. (together with its subsidiaries, the "Company") designs, sources, markets and sells fashion-forward footwear brands for women, men and children. The Company distributes products through its retail stores, its e-commerce website, department and specialty stores throughout the United States and Canada and through special distribution arrangements in Europe and in Central and South America. The Company's product line includes core products, which are sold year-round, complemented by a broad range of updated styles which are designed to establish or capitalize on market trends.

The Company's business is comprised of three (3) distinct segments (wholesale, retail and private label). The wholesale division includes seven (7) brands: Steve Madden(R), Steven(R), l.e.i.(R), Candie's(R), Stevies(R), Unionbay(R) and the Steve Madden Mens brand. Steven Madden Retail, Inc., the Company's wholly-owned retail subsidiary, operates Steve Madden, Steven and Shoe Biz retail stores as well as the Company's outlet store and e-commerce website. The Company's wholly-owned private label subsidiary, Adesso-Madden, Inc., designs and sources footwear products under private labels for many of the country's large mass merchandisers. The Company also licenses its Steve Madden(R) trademark for several accessory and apparel categories.

Steven Madden, Ltd., was incorporated as a New York corporation on July 9, 1990 and reincorporated under the same name in Delaware in November 1998. The Company has established a reputation for its creative designs, popular styles and quality products at accessible price points. The Company completed its initial public offering in December 1993 and its shares of Common Stock currently trade on The Nasdaq National Market under the symbol "SHOO".

The Company maintains its principal executive offices at 52-16 Barnett Avenue, Long Island City, NY 11104, telephone number (718) 446-1800.

The Company's website is http://www.stevemadden.com. This website primarily operates as an internet store where the Company's customers can purchase numerous styles of the Company's Steve Madden and Steve Madden Mens footwear products. At this time, the Company's Annual Reports on Form 10-K; Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and any amendments to such reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, are not made available on the Company's website because the website is not equipped to make such filings available. The Company is looking into alternatives which will enable it to make such filings available on its website. The Company will provide paper copies of such filings free of charge upon request.

Wholesale Divisions

Madden Women's Wholesale

The Steve Madden(R) Women's Wholesale Division ("Madden Women's Wholesale") designs, produces, sources, sells and markets the Company's Steve Madden(R) brand to major department stores, better specialty stores, and shoe stores throughout the United States. The Steve Madden(R) product line has become a leading footwear brand in the fashion conscious junior marketplace. To serve its customers (primarily women ages 16 to 25), Madden Women's Wholesale creates and markets fashion forward footwear designed to appeal to customers seeking exciting, new footwear designs at affordable prices.

As the Company's largest division, Madden Women's Wholesale accounted for \$109,285,000 of net sales in 2003, or approximately 34% of the Company's total sales. Many newly created styles of Madden Women's Wholesale are test marketed at the Company's retail stores. Within a few days, the Company can determine if the test product appeals to customers. This enables the Company to use its flexible sourcing model to rapidly respond to changing preferences which the Company believes is essential for success in the fashion footwear marketplace.

#### 1.e.i.(R) - Wholesale Division

Pursuant to the Company's license agreement with Jones Investment Company, Inc., the Company has the right to use the l.e.i.(R) trademark in connection with the sale and marketing of footwear. The l.e.i.(R) trademark is well

known for jeanswear in the junior marketplace sold nationally through department and specialty stores. The Company's l.e.i.(R) footwear products are targeted to attract girls and young women ages 6 to 20 years old, a majority of which are younger than the typical Steve Madden(R) brand customer. The l.e.i. Wholesale Division generated net sales of \$60,623,000 for the year ended December 31, 2003, or approximately 19% of the Company's total revenues.

#### Madden Men's Wholesale

The Steve Madden Men's Wholesale Division ("Madden Men's Wholesale") markets a full collection of directional young men's shoes through major department stores, better specialty stores and independent shoe stores throughout the United States. Price points range from \$70 to \$100 at retail, targeted at men ages 18 to 44 years old.

Madden Men's Wholesale accounted for \$34,881,000 of net sales in 2003, or approximately 11% of the Company's total sales. Madden Men's Wholesale, which is primarily produced in China, maintains open stock inventory positions in select patterns to serve the replenishment programs of its wholesale customers.

#### Candie's Footwear

On May 12, 2003 the Company entered into a long-term license agreement with Candie's, Inc. to design, manufacture, and distribute Candie's(R) branded footwear for women and children worldwide through the Company's Candie's(R) division. The Candie's(R) footwear line has been an important resource for fashion and casual footwear primarily for young women and girls for over two decades. The Candie's(R) division, which began shipping product in the fourth quarter of 2003, generated net sales of \$938,000\$ for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Diva Acquisition Corp. - Steven(R) Wholesale Division

Diva Acquisition Corp. ("Steven") designs and markets women's fashion footwear under the "Steven(R)" trademark through major department and better footwear specialty stores and one (1) Company owned retail shoe store located in New York, New York. Priced a tier above the Steve Madden(R) brand, Steven's products are designed to appeal principally to fashion conscious women, ages 26 to 45, who shop at department stores and footwear boutiques. The Company recorded wholesale sales from the Steven(R) brand of \$12,519,000 for the year ended December 31, 2003, or approximately 4% of the Company's total net sales.

Stevies Inc. - Wholesale Division

The Company's Stevies Wholesale Division ("Stevies Wholesale") generated net sales of \$10,120,000 for the year ended December 31, 2003, or approximately 3% of the Company's total net sales. Stevies(R) products are marketed through department stores such as May Department Stores, Belk, Limited Too, as well as independent children's stores throughout the country.

#### Unionbay Men's Footwear

On January 7, 2003, the Company entered into a long-term license with Seattle Pacific Industries, Inc., under which the Company has the right to use the Unionbay(R) trademark in connection with the sale and marketing of footwear for men and boys. Unionbay(R) is known for casual apparel in the young men, junior and children's marketplace and is distributed nationally through department and specialty stores. The Unionbay(R) division, which began shipping product in the third quarter of 2003, generated net sales of \$320,000 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Steven Madden Retail, Inc. - Retail Division

As of December 31, 2003, the Company owned and operated seventy-six (76) retail shoe stores under the Steve Madden(R) name, one (1) under the Steven(R) name, five (5) outlet stores and one (1) Internet store (through the www.stevemadden.com website). In 2003, the Company opened six (6) new stores and closed three (3) under-performing stores. Most of the Steve Madden stores are located in major shopping malls in Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts.

Michigan, Minnesota, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, Texas, Virginia and Wisconsin. The retail stores generated annual sales in excess of \$644 per square foot. Sales are primarily from the sale of the Company's Steve Madden(R) product line. Comparative store sales decreased 4% in 2003 compared to 2002 while growth in sales was generated by new stores. Total sales for the retail division were \$95,518,000 for 2003. Sales from the retail division for the year ended December 31, 2003 were approximately 29% of the Company's net sales.

The Company believes that the retail division will continue to enhance overall sales and profits of the Company while building equity in the Steve Madden brand. The Company plans to add eight to ten (8-10) new retail stores during 2004. The expansion of the retail division enables the Company to test and react to new products and classifications which, in turn, strengthens the product development efforts of the Steve Madden wholesale division.

The Adesso-Madden, Inc. - Private Label Division

In September 1995, the Company incorporated Adesso-Madden, Inc. as a wholly owned subsidiary ("A-M"). A-M was formed to serve as a buying agent to mass market merchandisers, shoe store chains and other value-priced retailers in connection with their procurement of private label shoes. As a buying agent, A-M arranges for shoe manufacturers to produce private label shoes to the specifications of its clients. The Company believes that by operating in the private label, mass merchandising market, the Company is able to maximize additional non-branded sales opportunities. This leverages the Company's overall sourcing and design capabilities. Currently, this division serves as a buying agent for the procurement of women's, men's and children's footwear for large retailers including Sears, Payless, Wal-Mart and Target. A-M receives buying agent's commissions from its clients. The private label division generated commission income of \$5,056,000 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

#### Licensing

As of December 31, 2003, the Company licensed its Steve Madden trademark for use in connection with the manufacturing, marketing and sale of outerwear (including leather outerwear), belts, sunglasses, eyewear and hosiery. Each license agreement requires the licensee to pay to the Company a royalty based on net sales, a minimum royalty in the event that specified net sales targets are not achieved and a percentage of sales for advertising of the Steve Madden(R) brand.

#### Design

The Company has established a reputation for its creative designs, popular styles and quality products at affordable price points. The Company believes that its future success will depend in substantial part on its ability to continue to anticipate and react to changing consumer demands in a timely manner. To meet this objective, the Company has developed a unique design process that allows it to recognize and act quickly to changing consumer demands. The Company's design team works together to create designs which they believe fit the Company's image, reflect current or future trends and can be manufactured in a timely and cost-effective manner. Once the initial design is complete, a prototype is developed, which is reviewed and refined prior to the commencement of limited production. Most new Steve Madden designs are then tested in the Steve Madden(R) retail stores. Designs that prove popular are then offered to wholesale and retail distribution nationwide. The Company believes that its unique design and testing process and flexible sourcing model is a significant competitive advantage allowing the Company to mitigate the risk of the costly production and distribution of unpopular designs.

#### Product Sourcing and Distribution

The Company sources each of its product lines separately based on the individual design, styling and quality specifications of such products. The Company does not own or operate any manufacturing facility and sources its branded products through independently owned manufacturers in Brazil, China, Italy, Mexico, Spain, Taiwan and the United States. The Company has established relationships with a number of manufacturers in each country. Although the Company has not entered into any long-term manufacturing or supply contracts, the Company believes that a sufficient number of alternative sources exist for the manufacture of its products. The principal materials used in the Company's footwear are available from any number of sources, both within the United States and in foreign countries.

The Company's design and distribution processes are intended to be flexible, allowing the Company to respond to and accommodate changing consumer demand. The Company's production staff tracks warehouse inventory on a regular basis, monitors sell-through data and incorporates input on product demand from wholesale customers. The Company can use product feedback to adjust production or manufacture new products in as little as five weeks. Constant inventory tracking allows the Company to manage inventory on a continuous flow basis with the goal of optimizing inventory turns.

The Company distributes its products from two (2) third party distribution warehouse centers located in California and New Jersey. The Company also distributes its Internet shipments from a third party fulfillment center located in Michigan. By utilizing distribution facilities that specialize in distributing products to certain customers (wholesale accounts, Steve Madden retail stores and Internet fulfillment), the Company believes that its customers are better served.

#### Customers

The Company's customers consist principally of department stores and specialty stores, including shoe boutiques. Presently, the Company sells approximately forty-one percent (41%) of its products at wholesale to department stores, including Federated Department Stores (Bloomingdale's, Bon Marche, Burdines, Macy's and Rich's), May Department Stores (Famous Barr, Filene's, Foley's, Hecht's, Lord and Taylor and Robinsons May), Dillard's, Marshall Field's and Nordstrom; and approximately forty percent (40%) to specialty stores, including Journeys, Limited Too and Mandees; and catalog retailers, including Victoria's Secret and Fingerhut. For the year ended December 31, 2003, May Department Stores and Federated Department Stores accounted for approximately fourteen percent (14%) and thirteen percent (13%) of the Company's wholesale sales, respectively.

#### Distribution Channels

The Company sells its products principally through its Company-owned retail stores, department stores, specialty shoe stores and discount stores in the United States and abroad. For the year 2003, retail stores and wholesale sales accounted for approximately twenty-nine percent (29%) and seventy-one percent (71%) of total sales, respectively. The following paragraphs describe each of these distribution channels.

#### Steve Madden and Steven Retail Stores

As of December 31, 2003, the Company operated seventy-seven (77) Company-owned retail stores (including one Internet store) under the Steve Madden(R) name and one (1) under the Steven(R) name. The Company believes that its retail stores will continue to enhance overall sales, profitability, and its ability to react to changing consumer trends. The stores are also a marketing tool which allows the Company to strengthen brand recognition and to showcase selected items from its full line of branded and licensed products. Furthermore, the retail stores provide the Company with a venue to test and introduce new products and merchandising strategies. Specifically, the Company often tests new designs at its Steve Madden(R) retail stores before scheduling them for mass production and wholesale distribution. In addition to these test marketing benefits, the Company has been able to leverage sales information gathered at Steve Madden(R) retail stores to assist its wholesale accounts in order placement and inventory management.

A typical Steve Madden(R) store is approximately 1,400 to 1,600 square feet and is located in malls and street locations which attract the highest concentration of the Company's core demographic -- style-conscious young women ages 16 to 25 years old. The Steven(R) store has a more sophisticated design and format styled to appeal to its more mature target audience. In addition to carefully analyzing mall demographics, the Company also sets profitability guidelines for each potential store site. Specifically, the Company targets sites at which the demographics fit the consumer profile, the positioning of the site is well trafficked and the projected fixed annual rent expense does not exceed a specified percentage of sales over the life of the lease. By setting these standards, the Company believes that each store will contribute to the Company's overall profits both in the near- and longer-terms.

#### Outlet Stores

Shoe Biz, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company ("Shoe Biz"), operates five (5) outlet stores in New Jersey and New York, four (4) of which operate under the Shoe Biz name and one (1) of which operates as a Steve Madden Outlet store. Shoe Biz sells many product lines, including Steve Madden, Steven, Stevies and l.e.i.(R) footwear, at a price lower than typically charged by other "full price" retailers.

#### Department Stores

The Company currently sells to over 2,750 doors of twenty-two (22) department stores throughout the United States and Canada. The Company's major accounts include Federated Department Stores (Macy's, Bloomingdale's, Bon Marche, Burdine's and Rich's), May Department Stores (Filene's, Hecht's, Famous Barr, Foley's, Lord and Taylor and Robinsons May), Nordstrom, Dillard's and Marshall Field's.

The Company provides merchandising support to its department store customers which includes in-store fixtures and signage, supervision of displays and merchandising of the Company's various product lines. The Company's wholesale merchandising effort includes the creation of in-store concept shops, where a broader collection of the Company's branded products are showcased. These in-store concept shops create an environment that is consistent with the Company's image and enable the retailer to display and stock a greater volume of the Company's products per square foot of retail space. In addition, these in-store concept shops encourage longer term commitment by the retailer to the Company's products and enhance consumer brand awareness.

In addition to merchandising support, the Company's senior account executives maintain weekly communications with their accounts to guide them in placing orders and to assist them in managing inventory, assortment and retail sales. The Company leverages its sell-through data gathered at its retail stores to assist department stores in allocating their open-to-buy dollars to the most popular styles in the product line and to phase out styles with weaker sell-throughs.

#### Specialty Stores/Catalog Sales

The Company currently sells to specialty store locations throughout the United States and Canada. The Company's major specialty store accounts include Journeys, Limited Too and Mandees. The Company offers its specialty store accounts the same merchandising, sell-through and inventory tracking support offered to its department store accounts. Sales of the Company's products are also made through various catalogs, such as Victoria's Secret.

#### Internet Sales

The Company operates one (1) Internet website: www.stevemadden.com. Customers can purchase numerous styles of the Company's Steve Madden, Steven and Steve Madden Mens footwear, accessory and clothing products. Sales derived from the Company's Internet store increased 8% to \$5,200,000 in 2003 from \$4,800,000 in 2002.

#### Distribution Agreements

In June 2002, the Company and Dabsan International, S.A. ("Dabsan") entered into an agreement whereby the Company granted Dabsan the exclusive right to sell Steve Madden products in certain Central and South American countries and the right to develop Steve Madden retail stores in certain Central and South American countries. Under the terms of the agreement, Dabsan is required to open two (2) Steve Madden stores by October 31, 2004 and is also required to purchase certain minimum amounts of Steve Madden shoes.

In February 2003, the Company and F.E.E.T. sas ("FEET") entered into a distribution and license agreement whereby the Company granted FEET the exclusive right to sell Steve Madden products in certain European countries with a provision that expands the territory covered to include certain additional European countries and in North Africa. Under the terms of the agreement, FEET is required to purchase certain minimum amounts of Steve Madden shoes.

#### Competition

The fashion footwear industry is highly competitive. The Company's competitors include specialty shoe companies as well as companies with diversified footwear product lines. The recent substantial growth in the sales of fashion footwear has encouraged the entry of many new competitors and increased competition from established companies. Most of these competitors, including Diesel, Kenneth Cole, Nine West, DKNY, Skechers, Nike and Guess, may have significantly greater financial and other resources than the Company. The Company believes effective advertising and marketing, fashionable styling, high quality and value are the most important competitive factors and intends to continue to employ these elements as it develops its products.

In 2001, the Company launched the Steve Madden Mens brand which competes with several brands that are more established with greater consumer awareness, including Kenneth Cole, Skechers Collection, Tommy Hilfiger and Dr. Martin.

#### Marketing and Sales

Prior to 1997, the Company's marketing plans relied heavily on its few Steve Madden(R) retail store locations and word-of-mouth referrals. In 1998, the Company focused on creating a more integrated brand building program to establish Steve Madden as the leading designer of fashion footwear for style-conscious young women. As a result, the Company developed a national advertising campaign for lifestyle and fashion magazines which was also used in regional marketing programs such as radio advertisements, television commercials, outdoor media, college event sponsorship and live online chat forums. The Company also continues to promote its website (www.stevemadden.com) where consumers can purchase Steve Madden(R), Steven and Steve Madden Mens products and interact with both the Company and other customers.

The Company commenced a marketing campaign for the Stevies brand with separate marketing, advertising, promotional events and in-store displays targeting the Stevies customer. As for Steve Madden Mens, the Company supported the brand's roll-out with strategic marketing and advertising initiatives.

In order to service its wholesale accounts, the Company retains a sales force of eighteen independent sales representatives. These sales representatives work on a commission basis and are responsible for placing the Company's products with its principal customers, including department and specialty stores. The sales representatives are supported by the Company's senior executives, a staff of fifteen account executives, one merchandise coordinator and twenty-seven customer service representatives who continually cultivate relationships with wholesale customers. This group of professionals assist accounts in merchandising and assessing customer preferences and inventory requirements, which ultimately serves to increase sales and profitability.

#### Management Information Systems (MIS) Operations

Sophisticated information systems are essential to the Company's ability to maintain its competitive position and to support continued growth. The Company operates on a dual AS/400 system which provides system support for all aspects of its business including manufacturing purchase orders; customer purchase orders; order allocations; invoicing; accounts receivable management; real time inventory management; quick response replenishment; point-of-sale support; and financial and management reporting functions. The Company has a PKMS bar coded warehousing system which is integrated with the wholesale system in order to provide accurate inventory positions and quick response size replenishment for its customers. In addition, the Company has installed an EDI system which provides a computer link between the Company and certain wholesale customers that enables both the customer and the Company to monitor purchases, shipments and invoicing. The EDI system also improves the Company's ability to respond to customer inventory requirements on a weekly basis.

#### Receivables Financing; Line of Credit

Under the terms of a factoring agreement with Capital Factors, Inc., the Company is permitted to draw down 80% of its invoiced receivables at an interest rate of two points below the Prime Rate (as defined in such agreement). The agreement provides that Capital Factors is not required to purchase all the Company's receivables and requires the Company to pay an unused line fee of .25% of the average daily unused portion of the maximum amount of the credit line. On September 1, 1998, the Company and Capital Factors amended its Factoring

Agreement to, among other things, provide the Company with a credit line of up to \$15,000,000, subject to certain limitations. The Company has not recently borrowed funds under its credit line with Capital Factors. The agreement with Capital Factors was renewed for the period beginning June 30, 2002 through December 31, 2004. Capital Factors maintains a lien on all of the Company's inventory and receivables and assumes the credit risk for all assigned accounts approved by it.

#### Trademarks and Service Marks

The STEVE MADDEN and STEVE MADDEN plus Design trademarks and service marks have been registered in numerous International Classes (Int'l Cl. 25 for clothing and footwear; Int'l Cl. 18 for leather goods, such as handbags and wallets; Int'l Cl. 9 for eyewear; Int'l Cl. 14 for jewelry; Int'l Cl. 3 for cosmetics and fragrances; Int'l Cl. 20 for picture frames and furniture; Int'l Cl. 16 for paper goods; Int'l Cl. 24 for bedding; and Int'l Cl. 35 for retail store services) in the United States. The Company also has trademark registrations in the United States for the marks EYESHADOWS BY STEVE MADDEN (Int'l Cl. 9 for eyewear), ICE TEE (Int'l Cl. 25 for clothing and footwear), SOHO COBBLER (Int'l. Cl. 9 for eyewear; and Int'l Cl. 25 for clothing and footwear; and Int'l Cl. 35 for retail store services) and STEVEN M. (Int'l Class 25 for clothing and footwear). Additionally, the Company has several pending trademark and service mark applications in the United States for various marks, including a stylized "H" Design (Int'l Cl. 25 for clothing and footwear), TEST & REACT (Int'l Cl. 42 for services consisting of conducting market studies), STEVEN (Int'l Cl. 25 for clothing and footwear) and TORCH STRIPE (Int'l Cl. 25 for footwear). The Company also has pending trademark and service mark applications in China and the 15 cooperating countries in Europe for TORCH STRIPE (Int'l Cl. 25 for footwear).

The Company further owns registrations for the STEVE MADDEN and STEVE MADDEN plus Design trademarks and service marks in various International Classes in Argentina, Australia, Bahrain, Brazil, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Hong Kong, Israel, Italy, Japan, Korea, Lebanon, Mexico, the Netherlands, Panama, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, Taiwan, the 15 cooperating countries of Europe and the Benelux countries and has pending applications for registration of the STEVE MADDEN and STEVE MADDEN plus Design trademarks and service marks in Bahrain, Belize, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Korea, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Oman, Peru, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Turkey, the United Arab Emirates and Venezuela. Additionally, the Company owns registrations for the STEVEN trademark and service mark in various International Classes in Hong Kong, Lebanon and Japan and has pending applications for registration of the STEVEN trademark and service mark in Canada, China, Israel, Italy, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Oman, Qatar, South Africa, Saudi Arabia, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey, the United Arab Emirates and the United States. There can be no assurance, however, that the Company will be able to effectively obtain rights to the STEVE MADDEN mark throughout all of the countries of the world. Moreover, no assurance can be given that others will not assert rights in, or ownership of, trademarks and other proprietary rights of the Company or that the Company will be able to successfully resolve such conflicts. The failure of the Company to protect such rights from unlawful and improper appropriation may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and financial condition.

Additionally, the Company, through its Diva Acquisition Corp. subsidiary, owns registrations for the DAVID AARON trademark and service mark in various International Classes in the United States (Int'l Cl. 25 for clothing and footwear; Int'l Cl. 18 for leather goods, such as handbags and wallets; and Int'l Cl. 35 for retail store services), Australia, Canada, Hong Kong, Japan, South Africa and the 15 cooperating countries in Europe and for its D. AARON trademark in Spain. Also, the Company own registrations for the DAVID AARON trademark in International Class 3 for perfume and cosmetics; International Class 9 for eyewear; International Class 14 for jewelry; International Class 16 for paper goods; International Class 18 for bags; International Class 24 for bed and bath products; International Class 25 for clothing and footwear and International Class 26 hair accessories in Korea. The Company believes that the DAVID AARON trademark has a significant value and is important to the marketing of the Company's products.

The Company, through its Stevies, Inc. subsidiary, also owns various registrations for the STEVIES and STEVIES plus Design trademark and service mark in a number of International Classes in the United States (Int'l Cl. 18 for leather goods, such as handbags and wallets; Int'l Cl. 9 for eyewear; International Class 35 for retail store services and, International Class 26 for hair accessories) and for its STEVIES plus Design mark for various goods in Argentina, Bahrain, China, Hong Kong, Israel, Japan, Korea, Lebanon, Mexico, Taiwan and the 15 cooperating countries in Europe. Additionally Stevies, Inc. has several pending trademark and service mark applications for

registration of the STEVIES and STEVIES plus Design marks in various International Classes in the United States (Int'l Cl. 25 for clothing and footwear; Int'l Cl. 14 for jewelry; Int'l Cl. 28 for toys; Int'l Cl. 26 for hair accessories; International Class 16 for paper goods; International Class 3 for perfume and cosmetics and, International Class 9 for CDs and eyewear) and in Brazil, Canada, Colombia, Indonesia, Kuwait, Malaysia, Mexico, Oman, Panama, Peru, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, Thailand, Turkey, the United Arab Emirates and Venezuela. Finally, Stevies, Inc. also owns several pending trademark and service mark applications for registration of the STEVIES BY STEVE MADDEN mark in various International Classes in the United States (Int'l Cl. 25 for clothing and footwear; Int'l Cl. 14 for jewelry; Int'l Cl. 18 for leather goods, such as handbags and wallets; Int'l Cl. 16 for paper goods; Int'l Cl. 3 for cosmetics and fragrances; Int'l Cl. 9 for eyewear; Int'l Cl. 26 for hair accessories; Int'l Cl. 28 for toys; and Int'l Cl. 35 for retail store services).

#### Employees

On March 4, 2004, the Company employed approximately 1,150 employees, of whom approximately 500 work on a full-time basis and approximately 650 work on a part-time basis. The management of the Company considers relations with its employees to be good.

#### ITEM 2 PROPERTIES

The Company maintains approximately 33,000 square feet for its executive offices and sample production facilities at 52-16 Barnett Avenue, Long Island City, NY 11104. The lease for the Company's headquarters expires on June 30, 2008.

The Company's showroom is located at 1370 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY. All of the Company's brands are displayed for sale from this 3,762 square foot space. The lease for the Company's showroom expires on February 28, 2013.

The Company also maintains a 1,080 square foot showroom located at 2300 Stemmons Freeway, Dallas, Texas. The lease for this showroom expires on September 30, 2004.

Currently, the Company engages three independent distributors to warehouse and distribute its products.

The Company's private label division, Adesso Madden, maintains approximately 3,120 square feet of office and showroom space at 99 Seaview Boulevard, Port Washington, N.Y. The lease for Adesso Madden expires on May 31, 2006.

All of the Company's retail stores are leased pursuant to leases that extend for terms which average ten years in length. A majority of the leases include clauses that provide for contingent rental payments if gross sales exceed certain targets. In addition, a majority of the leases enable the Company and/or the landlord to terminate the lease in the event that the Company's gross sales do not achieve certain minimum levels during a prescribed period. Many of the leases contain rent escalation clauses to compensate for increases in operating costs and real estate taxes.

The current terms of the Company's retail store leases expire as follows:

Years Lease Terms	Expire	Number	of	Stores
2004			2	
2005			4	
2006			2	
2007			6	
2008 2009			12 10	
2010			11	
2011			15	
2012			9	
2013			11	

#### ITEM 3 LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Except as set forth below, no material legal proceedings are pending to which the Company or any of its property is subject.

#### Class Action

Between June and August 2000, eight putative securities fraud class action lawsuits have been commenced in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York against the Company, Steven Madden and, in five of the actions, Rhonda J. Brown (the former President and a former director of the Company) and Arvind Dharia. These actions are captioned: Wilner v. Steven Madden, Ltd., et al., 00 CV 3676 (filed June 21, 2000); Connor v. Steven Madden, et al., 00 CV 3709 (filed June 22, 2000); Blumenthal v. Steven Madden, Ltd., et al., 00 CV 3709 (filed June 23, 2000); Curry v. Steven Madden, Ltd., et al., 00 CV 3766 (filed June 26, 2000); Dempster v. Steven Madden Ltd., et al., 00 CV 3702 (filed June 30, 2000); Salafia v. Steven Madden, Ltd., et al., 00 CV 4289 (filed July 24, 2000); Fahey v. Steven Madden, Ltd., et al., 00 CV 4712 (filed August 11, 2000); Process Engineering Services, Inc. v. Steven Madden, Ltd., et al., 00 CV 5002 (filed August 22, 2000). By Order dated December 8, 2000, the Court consolidated these eight actions, appointed Process Engineering, Inc., Michael Fasci and Mark and Libby Adams as lead plaintiffs and approved their selection of lead counsel. On February 26, 2001, Plaintiffs served a Consolidated Amended Complaint. On or about October 31, 2001, plaintiffs filed a Second Consolidated Amended Class Action Complaint. The pleading names the Company, Steven Madden, Rhonda J. Brown and Arvind Dharia as defendants. It principally alleges that the Company and the individual defendants violated Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 10b-5 promulgated under the 1934 Act by issuing false and misleading statements, and failing to disclose material adverse information, generally relating to matters arising from Mr. Madden's June 2000 indictment. The plaintiffs seek an unspecified amount of damages, costs and expenses on behalf of themselves and all other purchasers of the Company's common stock during the period June 21, 1997 through June 20, 2000. On November 30, 2001, all of the defendants served motions to dismiss the Consolidated Amended Complaint. The motions were fully briefed on January 14, 2002. Since that time, an agreement has been reached to resolve all claims in this action, subject to notices to the putative class members, a hearing and approval by the District Court. The tentative settlement is within the limits of the Company's insurance coverage.

#### Shareholder Derivative Actions

On or about September 26, 2000, a putative shareholders derivative action was commenced in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York, captioned Herrera v. Steven Madden and Steven Madden, Ltd., 00 CV 5803 (JG). The Company is named as a nominal defendant in the action. The complaint seeks to recover alleged damages on behalf of the Company from Mr. Madden arising from his June 2000 indictment and to require him to disgorge certain profits, bonuses and stock option grants he received. On January 3, 2001, plaintiff filed an Amended Shareholder's Derivative Complaint. On February 2, 2001, both the Company and Mr. Madden filed motions to dismiss the Amended Complaint because of plaintiff's failure to make a pre-litigation demand upon the Company's board of directors. On October 1, 2001, plaintiff filed a Second Amended Complaint. On November 2, 2001, the Company filed a motion to dismiss this pleading on grounds that plaintiff had failed to make a pre-litigation demand upon the Company's board of directors. On February 7, 2002, the Magistrate Judge filed a Report recommending that the Company's motion to dismiss be denied. The Company filed its objections to the Report on March 4, 2002. On March 22, 2002, the District Judge entered an order adopting the Magistrate Judge's report and recommendation in full. Since that time, an agreement has been reached to resolve all claims in this action, subject to such notice to the Company's shareholders (if any) as may be required by the District Court, a hearing and approval by the District Court. The Company believes, after consultation with counsel, that its defense costs and certain attorneys fees in connection with this action will be subject to coverage by the Company's insurance.

On or about November 28, 2001, a purported shareholder derivative complaint was filed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York, captioned Herrera v. Karson, et al., 00 CV 7868. Named as defendants therein are the Company (as nominal defendant) and certain of the Company's present and/or former directors. The complaint alleges that the individual defendants breached their fiduciary duties to the Company in connection with a decision by the Board of Directors of the Company to enter into an employment agreement with Mr. Steven Madden in or about May 2001. The complaint seeks declaratory and other equitable relief, as well as an unspecified amount of compensatory damages, costs and expenses. On or about February 1, 2002, plaintiff filed an

Amended Shareholder Derivative Complaint (the "Amended Complaint"). The Amended Complaint contains substantially the same allegations and names the same defendants as the original complaint. Since that time, an agreement has been reached to resolve all claims in this action, subject to such notice to the Company's shareholders (if any) as may be required by the District Court, a hearing and approval by the District Court. The Company believes, after consultation with counsel, that its defense costs and certain attorneys fees in connection with this action will be subject to coverage by the Company's insurance.

#### Other Actions

The Company and certain of the Company's present and/or former directors have been named in an action commenced in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York by the Safeco Surplus Lines Insurance Company captioned, Safeco Surplus Lines Ins. Co. v. Steven Madden Ltd., et al., 02 CV 1151 (JG). The complaint principally seeks rescission of the excess insurance policy issued by Safeco to the Company for the February 4, 2000 to June 13, 2001 period and an order declaring that Safeco does not owe any indemnity obligation to the Company or any of its officers and directors in connection with the putative shareholder class action and derivative cases described in the Form 10Q filed by the Company for the quarter ended March 31, 2002. The parties have agreed to a resolution of Safeco's claims, the implementation of which is conditioned upon judicial approval of the settlements of the shareholder class action and derivative claims discussed above.

On or about June 6, 2003, an action was commenced in the United States District Court for the Central District of California, captioned Global Brand Marketing, Inc. v. Steve Madden LTD., Case Number 03-4029. The complaint seeks injunctive relief and unspecified monetary damages for infringement of two separate patents. The Company believes it has substantial defenses to the claims asserted in the lawsuit. The parties are currently involved in settlement negotiations.

#### ITEM 4 SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

No matters were submitted to a vote of the holders of the Company's Common Stock during the last quarter of its fiscal year ended December 31, 2003.

#### PART II

#### ITEM 5 MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The Company's shares of common stock trade on The Nasdaq National Market. The following table sets forth the range of high and low bid quotations for the Company's Common Stock for the two year period ended December 31, 2003 as reported by The Nasdaq National Market. The quotes represent inter-dealer prices without adjustment or mark-ups, mark-downs or commissions and may not necessarily represent actual transactions. The trading volume of the Company's securities fluctuates and may be limited during certain periods. As a result, the liquidity of an investment in the Company's securities may be adversely affected.

#### Common Stock

	High	Low		High	Low
2003			2002		
Quarter ended	19.35	14.83	Quarter ended	17.79	13.32
March 31, 2003			March 29, 2002		
Quarter ended	22.35	15.27	Quarter ended	20.25	15.79
June 30, 2003			June 28, 2002		
Quarter ended	22.34	18.76	Quarter ended	19.79	13.43
September 30,			September 30,		
2003			2002		
Quarter ended	22.65	18.98	Quarter ended	18.85	13.59
December 31,			December 31,		
2003			2002		

On March 10, 2004, the final quoted price as reported by The Nasdaq National Market was \$19.52 for each share of common stock. As of March 2, 2004, there were 13,223,905 shares of Common Stock outstanding, held of record by 65 record holders and approximately 3,254 beneficial owners.

Absence of Dividends. The Company did not declare or pay cash dividends during the two year period ended December 31, 2003. The Company anticipates that all of its earnings in the foreseeable future will be retained to finance the continued growth and expansion of its business and has no current intention to pay cash dividends.

Equity Compensation Plans. Information regarding our equity compensation plans as of December 31, 2003 is disclosed in Item 12. "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters."

#### ITEM 6 SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following selected financial data has been derived from the Company's audited financial statements. The Income Statement Data relating to 2003, 2002, 2001, 2000 and 1999 and the Balance Sheet Data as of December 31, 2003, 2002, 2001, 2000 and 1999 should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere herein.

Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000		Year Ended December 31,									
Net sales \$324,204,000 \$326,136,000 \$243,391,000 \$205,113,000 \$94,536,000 Cost of sales 198,185,000 199,453,000 143,518,000 115,495,000 94,536,000 Gross profit 126,019,000 126,683,000 99,873,000 89,618,000 68,500,000 Commissions and licensing fee 7,894,000 6,603,000 5,911,000 4,847,000 3,367,000 Operating expenses (100,287,000) (100,074,000) (69,500,000) (68,833,000) (52,946,000) Cost of loss mitigation coverage Income from operations 33,626,000 33,212,000 19,362,000 25,632,000 18,921,000 Interest income 1,611,000 1,166,000 1,344,000 1,744,000 909,000 Interest expense (54,000) (66,000) (66,000) (102,000) (90,000) Gain on sale of marketable securities 136,000 66,000 71,000 230,000 Income taxes 35,319,000 34,428,000 20,711,000 27,504,000 19,740,000 Provision for income taxes 14,865,000 14,587,000 8,595,000 11,461,000 8,274,000 Net Income Provision for income taxes 14,865,000 19,841,000 12,116,000 16,043,000 11,466,000 Basic income per share \$1.58 \$1.58 \$1.58 \$1.06 Diluted income per share \$1.58 \$1.58 \$1.58 \$1.06 Diluted income per share \$1.58 \$1.58 \$1.58 \$1.58 \$1.06 \$0.94 \$1.26 \$0.92 Basic weighted average common shares outstanding 12,985,265 12,594,861 11,617,862 11,310,130 10,831,250 Effect of potential common shares outstanding 12,985,265 12,594,861 11,617,862 11,310,130 10,831,250 Biluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352 SALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 12,1862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000		20	03					2	000	1	999
Net sales \$324,204,000 \$326,136,000 \$243,391,000 \$205,113,000 \$163,036,000 Cost of sales 198,185,000 199,453,000 143,518,000 115,495,000 94,536,000 Commissions and licensing fee 7,894,000 6,603,000 5,911,000 4,847,000 3,367,000 Operating expenses (100,287,000) (100,074,000) (79,472,000) (68,833,000) (52,946,000) Cost of loss mitigation coverage Income from operations 33,626,000 33,212,000 19,362,000 25,632,000 18,921,000 Interest expense (54,000) (16,000) (16,000) (66,000) (102,000) (90,000) Interest expense (54,000) (16,000) (16,000) (102,000) (102,000) (90,000) Interest expense (54,000) (16,000) (16,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,000) (102,											
Cost of sales 198,185,000 199,453,000 143,518,000 155,499,000 94,536,000 Gross profit 126,019,000 126,683,000 99,873,000 89,618,000 68,500,000 Operating expenses (100,287,000) (100,074,000) (79,472,000) (68,833,000) (52,946,000) Cost of loss mitigation coverage Income from operations 33,626,000 33,212,000 19,362,000 25,632,000 18,921,000 Interest income 16,611,000 1,166,000 1,344,000 1,744,000 (99,000) Interest expense (54,000) (16,000) (66,000) (102,000) (90,000) Gain on sale of marketable securities 136,000 66,000 71,000 230,000 Income before provision for income taxes 35,319,000 34,428,000 20,711,000 27,504,000 19,740,000 Provision for income taxes 14,865,000 14,587,000 8,595,000 11,461,000 8,274,000 Basic income per share \$1.58 \$1.58 \$1.58 \$1.58 \$1.04 \$1.42 \$1.06 Diluted income per share \$1.45 \$1.45 \$0.94 \$1.26 \$0.92 Basic weighted average common shares outstanding 12,985,265 12,594,861 11,617,862 11,310,130 10,831,250 Effect of potential common shares from exercise of options and warrants Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352 BALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000											
Gross profit 12c,019,000 12c,683,000 99,873,000 89,618,000 68,500,000 Commissions and licensing fee 7,894,000 6,603,000 5,911,000 4,847,000 3,367,000 Operating expenses (100,287,000) (100,074,000) (79,472,000) (68,833,000) (52,946,000) Cost of loss mitigation coverage (6,950,000)  Income from operations 33,626,000 33,212,000 19,362,000 25,632,000 18,921,000 Interest income 1,611,000 1,166,000 1,344,000 1,744,000 909,000 Interest expense (54,000) (16,000) (66,000) (102,000) (90,000) Gain on sale of marketable securities 136,000 66,000 71,000 230,000 Income taxes 35,319,000 34,428,000 20,711,000 27,504,000 19,740,000 Provision for income taxes 14,865,000 14,587,000 8,595,000 11,461,000 8,274,000 Net Income 20,454,000 19,841,000 12,116,000 16,043,000 11,466,000 Basic income per share \$ 1.58 \$ 1.58 \$ 1.04 \$ 1.42 \$ 1.06 Diluted income per share \$ 1.58 \$ 1.58 \$ 1.04 \$ 1.42 \$ 1.06 Diluted average common shares outstanding 12,985,265 12,594,861 11,617,862 11,310,130 10,831,250 Effect of potential common shares from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102 Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352 SALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	Net sales	\$324,2	04,000	\$326,136,	000	\$243,3	91,000	\$205,	113,000	\$163,	036,000
Commissions and licensing fee Operating expenses (100,287,000) (100,074,000) (79,472,000) (68,833,000) (52,946,000) (69,000) (68,833,000) (52,946,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (68,833,000) (52,946,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,000) (69,00	Cost of sales										
Operating expenses (100,287,000) (100,074,000) (79,472,000) (68,833,000) (52,946,000) Cost of loss mitigation coverage Income from operations 33,626,000 33,212,000 19,362,000 25,632,000 18,921,000 Interest income 1,611,000 1,166,000 1,344,000 1,744,000 909,000 Interest expense (54,000) (16,000) (66,000) (102,000) (90,000) Gain on sale of marketable securities 136,000 66,000 71,000 230,000 Income taxes 35,319,000 34,428,000 20,711,000 27,504,000 19,740,000 Provision for income taxes 14,865,000 14,587,000 8,595,000 11,461,000 8,274,000 Net Income 20,454,000 19,841,000 12,116,000 16,043,000 11,466,000 Basic income per share \$ 1.58 \$ 1.58 \$ 1.58 \$ 1.04 \$ 1.42 \$ 1.06 Diluted income per share \$ 1.45 \$ 1.45 \$ 0.94 \$ 1.26 \$ 0.92 Basic weighted average common shares from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102 Diluted weighted average common shares from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102 Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352 SALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	Gross profit	126,0	19,000	126,683,	000	99,8	73,000	89,	618,000	68,	500,000
Cost of loss mitigation coverage Income from operations 33,626,000 33,212,000 19,362,000 25,632,000 18,921,000 Interest income 1,611,000 1,166,000 1,344,000 1,744,000 909,000 Interest expense (54,000) (16,000) (66,000) (102,000) (90,000) Gain on sale of marketable securities 136,000 66,000 71,000 230,000 Income before provision for income taxes 35,319,000 34,428,000 20,711,000 27,504,000 19,740,000 Provision for income taxes 14,865,000 14,587,000 8,595,000 11,461,000 8,274,000 Net Income 20,454,000 19,841,000 12,116,000 16,043,000 11,466,000 Basic income per share \$ 1.58 \$ 1.58 \$ 1.04 \$ 1.42 \$ 1.06 Diluted income per share \$ 1.45 \$ 1.45 \$ 0.94 \$ 1.26 \$ 0.92 Basic weighted average common shares outstanding 12,985,265 12,594,861 11,617,862 11,310,130 10,831,250 Effect of potential common shares from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102 Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352 BALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	Commissions and licensing fee	7,8	94,000	6,603,	000	5,9	11,000	4,	847,000	3,	367,000
Income from operations 33,626,000 33,212,000 19,362,000 25,632,000 18,921,000 Interest income 1,611,000 1,166,000 1,344,000 1,744,000 909,000 Interest expense (54,000) (16,000) (66,000) (102,000) (90,000) Gain on sale of marketable securities 136,000 66,000 71,000 230,000  Income before provision for income taxes 35,319,000 34,428,000 20,711,000 27,504,000 19,740,000 Provision for income taxes 14,865,000 14,587,000 8,595,000 11,461,000 8,274,000 Net Income Basic income per share \$ 1.58 \$ 1.58 \$ 1.58 \$ 1.04 \$ 1.42 \$ 1.06 Diluted income per share \$ 1.45 \$ 1.45 \$ 0.94 \$ 1.26 \$ 0.92 Basic weighted average common shares from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102 Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352 BALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	Operating expenses	(100,2	87,000)	(100,074,	000)	(79,4	72,000)	(68,	833,000)	(52,	946,000)
Interest income 1,611,000 1,166,000 1,344,000 1,744,000 909,000 Interest expense (54,000) (16,000) (66,000) (102,000) (90,000) Gain on sale of marketable securities 136,000 66,000 71,000 230,000 Income before provision for income taxes 35,319,000 34,428,000 20,711,000 27,504,000 19,740,000 Provision for income taxes 14,865,000 14,587,000 8,595,000 11,461,000 8,274,000 Net Income per share 20,454,000 19,841,000 12,116,000 16,043,000 11,466,000 Basic income per share \$1.58 \$1.58 \$1.58 \$1.04 \$1.42 \$1.06 Diluted income per share \$1.45 \$1.45 \$0.94 \$1.26 \$0.92 Basic weighted average common shares outstanding 12,985,265 12,594,861 11,617,862 11,310,130 10,831,250 Effect of potential common shares from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102 Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352 BALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	Cost of loss mitigation coverage					(6,9	50,000)				
Interest expense (54,000) (16,000) (66,000) (102,000) (90,000) Gain on sale of marketable securities 136,000 66,000 71,000 230,000 Income before provision for income taxes 35,319,000 34,428,000 20,711,000 27,504,000 19,740,000 Provision for income taxes 14,865,000 14,587,000 8,595,000 11,461,000 8,274,000 Net Income 20,454,000 19,841,000 12,116,000 16,043,000 11,466,000 Basic income per share \$ 1.58 \$ 1.58 \$ 1.04 \$ 1.42 \$ 1.06 Diluted income per share \$ 1.45 \$ 1.45 \$ 0.94 \$ 1.26 \$ 0.92 Basic weighted average common shares outstanding 12,985,265 12,594,861 11,617,862 11,310,130 10,831,250 Effect of potential common shares from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102 Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352 BALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	Income from operations	33,6	26,000	33,212,	000	19,3	62,000	25,	632,000	18,	921,000
Gain on sale of marketable securities 136,000 66,000 71,000 230,000 Income before provision for income taxes 35,319,000 34,428,000 20,711,000 27,504,000 19,740,000 Provision for income taxes 14,865,000 14,587,000 8,595,000 11,461,000 8,274,000 Net Income 20,454,000 19,841,000 12,116,000 16,043,000 11,466,000 Basic income per share \$ 1.58 \$ 1.58 \$ 1.04 \$ 1.42 \$ 1.06 Diluted income per share \$ 1.45 \$ 1.45 \$ 0.94 \$ 1.26 \$ 0.92 Basic weighted average common shares outstanding 12,985,265 12,594,861 11,617,862 11,310,130 10,831,250 Effect of potential common shares from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102 Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352 BALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	Interest income	1,6	11,000	1,166,	000	1,3	44,000	1,	744,000		909,000
Securities   136,000   66,000   71,000   230,000	Interest expense	(!	54,000)	(16,	000)	(	66,000)	(	102,000)		(90,000)
Income before provision for income taxes 35,319,000 34,428,000 20,711,000 27,504,000 19,740,000 Provision for income taxes 14,865,000 14,587,000 8,595,000 11,461,000 8,274,000 Net Income 20,454,000 19,841,000 12,116,000 16,043,000 11,466,000 Basic income per share \$ 1.58 \$ 1.58 \$ 1.04 \$ 1.42 \$ 1.06 Diluted income per share \$ 1.45 \$ 1.45 \$ 0.94 \$ 1.26 \$ 0.92 Basic weighted average common shares outstanding 12,985,265 12,594,861 11,617,862 11,310,130 10,831,250 Effect of potential common shares from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102 Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352 SALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	Gain on sale of marketable										
income taxes 35,319,000 34,428,000 20,711,000 27,504,000 19,740,000 Provision for income taxes 14,865,000 14,587,000 8,595,000 11,461,000 8,274,000 Net Income 20,454,000 19,841,000 12,116,000 16,043,000 11,466,000 Basic income per share \$1.58 \$1.58 \$1.04 \$1.42 \$1.06 Diluted income per share \$1.45 \$1.45 \$0.94 \$1.26 \$0.92 Basic weighted average common shares outstanding 12,985,265 12,594,861 11,617,862 11,310,130 10,831,250 Effect of potential common shares from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102 Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352 BALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	securities	1:	36,000	66,	000		71,000		230,000		
Provision for income taxes 14,865,000 14,587,000 8,595,000 11,461,000 8,274,000  Net Income 20,454,000 19,841,000 12,116,000 16,043,000 11,466,000  Basic income per share \$ 1.58 \$ 1.58 \$ 1.04 \$ 1.42 \$ 1.06  Diluted income per share \$ 1.45 \$ 1.45 \$ 0.94 \$ 1.26 \$ 0.92  Basic weighted average common shares outstanding 12,985,265 12,594,861 11,617,862 11,310,130 10,831,250  Effect of potential common shares from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102  Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352  BALANCE SHEET DATA  Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000  Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	Income before provision for										
Net Income         20,454,000         19,841,000         12,116,000         16,043,000         11,466,000           Basic income per share         \$ 1.58         \$ 1.58         \$ 1.04         \$ 1.42         \$ 1.06           Diluted income per share         \$ 1.45         \$ 1.45         \$ 0.94         \$ 1.26         \$ 0.92           Basic weighted average common shares outstanding         12,985,265         12,594,861         11,617,862         11,310,130         10,831,250           Effect of potential common shares from exercise of options and warrants         1,153,246         1,115,018         1,330,002         1,387,244         1,634,102           Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding         14,138,511         13,709,879         12,947,864         12,697,374         12,465,352           BALANCE SHEET DATA         Total assets         177,870,000         150,500,000         121,862,000         91,733,000         78,135,000           Working capital         105,140,000         86,461,000         82,633,000         57,207,000         48,076,000	income taxes	35,3	19,000	34,428,000		20,7	20,711,000		27,504,000		740,000
Basic income per share \$ 1.58 \$ 1.58 \$ 1.04 \$ 1.42 \$ 1.06 Diluted income per share \$ 1.45 \$ 1.45 \$ 0.94 \$ 1.26 \$ 0.92 Basic weighted average common shares outstanding 12,985,265 12,594,861 11,617,862 11,310,130 10,831,250 Effect of potential common shares from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102 Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352 SALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	Provision for income taxes	14,8	65,000	14,587,	000	8,5	95,000	11,461,000		8,274,000	
Diluted income per share \$ 1.45 \$ 1.45 \$ 0.94 \$ 1.26 \$ 0.92  Basic weighted average common shares outstanding 12,985,265 12,594,861 11,617,862 11,310,130 10,831,250  Effect of potential common shares from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102  Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352  BALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	Net Income	20,4	54,000	19,841,	000	12,116,000		16,043,000		11,	466,000
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding 12,985,265 12,594,861 11,617,862 11,310,130 10,831,250 Effect of potential common shares from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102 Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352 BALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	Basic income per share	\$	1.58	\$ 1	.58	\$	1.04	\$	1.42	\$	1.06
shares outstanding 12,985,265 12,594,861 11,617,862 11,310,130 10,831,250  Effect of potential common shares from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102  Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352  BALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	Diluted income per share	\$	1.45	\$ 1	.45	\$	0.94	\$	1.26	\$	0.92
Effect of potential common shares from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102 Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352 BALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	Basic weighted average common										
from exercise of options and warrants 1,153,246 1,115,018 1,330,002 1,387,244 1,634,102 Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352 BALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	shares outstanding	12,9	85,265	12,594,	361	11,6	17,862	11,	310,130	10,	831,250
warrants         1,153,246         1,115,018         1,330,002         1,387,244         1,634,102           Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding         14,138,511         13,709,879         12,947,864         12,697,374         12,465,352           BALANCE SHEET DATA Total assets         177,870,000         150,500,000         121,862,000         91,733,000         78,135,000           Working capital         105,140,000         86,461,000         82,633,000         57,207,000         48,076,000	Effect of potential common shares										
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 14,138,511 13,709,879 12,947,864 12,697,374 12,465,352 SALANCE SHEET DATA  Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	from exercise of options and										
shares outstanding         14,138,511         13,709,879         12,947,864         12,697,374         12,465,352           BALANCE SHEET DATA           Total assets         177,870,000         150,500,000         121,862,000         91,733,000         78,135,000           Working capital         105,140,000         86,461,000         82,633,000         57,207,000         48,076,000	warrants	1,1	53,246	1,115,	018	1,3	30,002	1,	387,244	1,	634,102
Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	Diluted weighted average common										
Total assets 177,870,000 150,500,000 121,862,000 91,733,000 78,135,000 Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	shares outstanding	14,1	38,511	13,709,	379	12,9	47,864	12,	697,374	12,	465,352
Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	BALANCE SHEET DATA										
Working capital 105,140,000 86,461,000 82,633,000 57,207,000 48,076,000	Total assets	177.8	70.000	150 500 000		121 862 000		91.733.000		78.	135.000
	Working capital										
Noncurrent liabilities 1,828,000 1,532,000 1,313,000 1,130,000 980,000	Noncurrent liabilities										980,000
Stockholders' equity 159,187,000 130,075,000 102,360,000 76,566,000 62,435,000											

#### ITEM 7 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion of the Company's financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the Financial Statements and Notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this document.

Statements in this "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and elsewhere in this document as well as statements made in press releases and oral statements that may be made by the Company or by officers, directors or employees of the Company acting on the Company's behalf that are not statements of historical or current fact constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other unknown factors that could cause the actual results of the Company to be materially different from the historical results or from any future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. In addition to statements which explicitly describe such risks and uncertainties, readers are urged to consider statements labeled with the terms "believes", "belief", "expects", "intends", "anticipates" or "plans" to be uncertain forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained herein are also subject generally to other risks and uncertainties that are described from time to time in the Company's reports and registration statements filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The following table sets forth information on operations for the periods indicated:

#### Selected Financial Information

Year Ended -----December 31

(\$ in thousands)

	2003		2002		2001		
Consolidated:							
Net Sales	\$324,204	100%	\$326,136	100%	\$243,391	100%	
Cost of Sales	198,185	61	199,453	61	143,518	59	
Gross Profit	126,019	39	126,683	39	99,873	41	
Other Operating Income	7,894	2	6,603	2	5,911	3	
Operating Expenses	100,287	31	100,074	31	79,472	33	
Cost of Loss Mitigation Coverage					6,950	3	
Income from Operations	33,626	10	33,212	10	19,362	8	
Interest and Other Income Net	1,693	1	1,216	1	1,349	1	
Income Before Income Taxes	35,319	11	34,428	11	20,711	9	
Net Income	20,454	6	19,841	6	12,116	5	

#### Selected Financial Information

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#### Year Ended

#### December 31

(\$ in thousands)

	2003			2002			2001		
By Segment									
WHOLESALE DIVISIONS:									
Steven Madden, Ltd. (Madden Womens):									
Net Sales	Ś	109,285	100%	Ś	108,577	100%	Ś	92,413	100%
Cost of Sales	~	77,313	71	*	75,080	69	~	60,052	65
Gross Profit		31,972	29		33,497	31		32,361	35
Other Operating Income		2,827	3		1,736	2		1,462	2
Operating Expenses		27,630	25		27,714	26		24,929	27
Cost of Loss Mitigation Coverage								6,950	8
Income from Operations		7,169	7		7,519	7		1,944	2
l.e.i. Footwear:									
Net Sales	ė	60,623	100%	ė	55,665	100%	ė	42,592	100%
Cost of sales	Ų	38,016	63	Ų	35,368	64	Ų	26,859	63
Gross Profit		22,607	37		20,297	36		15,733	37
Operating Expenses		13,658	22		14,165	25		9,833	23
Income from Operations		8,949	15		6,132	11		5,900	14
income from operations		0,545	13		0,132	11		3,900	1.1
Madden Mens:									
Net Sales	\$	34,881	100%	\$	45,153	100%	\$	10,461	100%
Cost of sales		22,803	65		29,022	64		6,737	64
Gross Profit		12,078	35		16,131	36		3,724	36
Operating Expenses		8,277	24		10,330	23		3,340	32
Income from Operations		3,801	11		5,801	13		384	4
Candie's Footwear:									
Net Sales	\$	938	100%						
Cost of sales		532	57						
Gross Profit		406	43						
Operating Expenses		748	80						
Loss from Operations		(342)	(37)						
Diva Acquisition Corp. (Steven):									
Net Sales	\$	12,519	100%	\$	11,194	100%	\$	7,454	100%
Cost of sales		8,031	64		8,117	73		5,384	72
Gross Profit		4,488	36		3,077	27		2,070	28
Operating Expenses		3,360	27		2,645	23		1,796	24
Income from Operations		1,128	9		432	4		274	4
Stevies Inc.:									
Net Sales	\$	10,120	100%	\$	13,664	100%	\$	10,984	100%
Cost of sales		6,611	65		8,777	64		7,014	64
Gross Profit		3,509	35		4,887	36		3,970	36
Other Operating Income		11	0		97	1		249	2
Operating Expenses		2,262	22		3,205	24		2,626	24
Income from Operations		1,258	13		1,779	13		1,593	14

#### Selected Financial Information

Year Ended

ieai Elided

December 31

(\$ in thousands)

	2003		2002		2	2001		-	
By Segment (Continued)									
WHOLESALE DIVISIONS (Continued)									
Unionbay Men's Footwear:									
Net Sales	\$	320	100%						
Cost of Sales		213	67						
Gross Profit		107	33						
Operating Expenses		481	150						
Loss from Operations		(374)	(117)						
STEVEN MADDEN RETAIL INC.:									
Net Sales	\$	95,518	100%	\$	91,883	100%	\$	79,487	100%
Cost of Sales		44,666	47		43,089	47		37,472	47
Gross Profit		50,852	53		48,794	53		42,015	53
Operating Expenses		41,719	44		39,793	43		34,992	44
Income from Operations		9,133	9		9,001	10		7,023	9
Number of Stores		83			80			73	
ADESSO MADDEN INC.:									
(FIRST COST)									
Other Operating Revenue	\$	5,056	100%	\$	4,770	100%	\$	4,200	100%
Operating Expenses		2,152	43		2,222	47		1,956	47
Income from Operations		2,904	57		2,548	53		2,244	53

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(\$ in thousands)

Year Ended December 31, 2003 vs. Year Ended December 31, 2002

#### Consolidated:

Total net sales for the year ended December 31, 2003 decreased to \$324,204 from \$326,136 for the year ended December 31, 2002. The decrease was primarily due to a decline in net sales from the Madden Men's and the Stevies, Inc. Wholesale Divisions and the sustained promotional environment. The Company maintained a substantial portion of the sales and market share gains that it achieved in the prior year. During the year 2002, the Company generated a 34% growth in total net sales over the previous year. Gross profit as a percentage of sales remained the same as last year at 39%.

Operating expenses remained virtually unchanged (\$100,287 in 2003 as compared to \$100,074 in 2002). Total operating expenses as a percentage of sales remained at 31% in 2003, the same as 2002. The increase in dollars resulted from the Company's opening of six additional retail stores and costs associated with the addition of

Candie's and Unionbay Wholesale Divisions as well as an increase in licensing fees paid by the Company. These increases were partially offset by various cost reductions.

Income from operations for 2003 was \$33,626, which represents an increase of \$414 or 1% from \$33,212 in 2002. Net income increased by 3% to \$20,454 in 2003 from \$19,841 in 2002. The increase in net income primarily resulted from the increase in interest and other income.

Wholesale Divisions:

Steven Madden Ltd. (Madden Womens, l.e.i., Madden Mens and Candie's Footwear):

Sales from the Madden Womens Wholesale Division ("Madden Womens") accounted for \$109,285 or 34%, and \$108,577 or 33%, of total sales in 2003 and 2002, respectively. The increase in sales was driven by first quarter sales of key styles including the Hi-Jo boot and wood bottom sandals. Gross profit as a percentage of sales decreased to 29% in 2003 from 31% in 2002 primarily due to the fourth quarter closeout of slower moving styles and the support to our wholesale customers' initiatives to clear products at retail. Operating expenses decreased to \$27,630 in 2003 from \$27,714 in 2002. Income from operations for Madden Womens was \$7,169 in 2003 compared to \$7,519 in 2002.

Sales from the l.e.i. Footwear Wholesale Division ("l.e.i.") accounted for \$60,623 or 19%, and \$55,665 or 17%, of total sales in 2003 and 2002, respectively. The increase in sales was principally due to additional doors with retailers, such as Kohl's and the Saks Group. Gross profit as a percentage of sales increased to 37% in 2003 from 36% in 2002 primarily due to changes in product mix and improved inventory management. Operating expenses decreased to \$13,658 in 2003 from \$14,165 in 2002 due to the Company successfully leveraging its infrastructure while continuing to grow its business. Income from operations for l.e.i. was \$8,949 in 2003 compared to \$6,132 in 2002.

Sales from the Madden Mens Wholesale Division ("Madden Mens") accounted for \$34,881 or 11%, and \$45,153 or 14%, of total sales in 2003 and 2002, respectively. The sales decrease resulted from two primary factors. First, the downturn in sell-throughs at retail in the young men's fashion casual and sports casual business created substantial inventory and margin challenges. Second, there was a strong downturn in the casual business, the largest category of Madden Mens, as consumer demand and trends shifted more toward dressy and dress casual classifications. Gross profit as a percentage of sales decreased to 35% in 2003 from 36% in 2002 primarily due to an increase in markdown allowances caused by higher levels of promotional activities at retail. Operating expenses decreased to \$8,277 in 2003 from \$10,330 in 2002, due to decreases in selling and related expenses. Income from operations for Madden Mens was \$3,801 in 2003 compared to \$5,801 in 2002.

Candie's Footwear, which began shipping for the first time in the fourth quarter of 2003, generated net sales of \$938. The line was well received by both retailers and consumers and the Company anticipates that the brand will continue to infiltrate the market place during 2004.

Diva Acquisition Corp. ("Steven"):

Sales from Steven accounted for \$12,519 or 4%, and \$11,194 or 3%, of total sales in 2003 and 2002, respectively. The increase in sales was principally due to the addition of new retail doors, including Dillards and Macy's West. Gross profit as a percentage of sales increased to 36% in 2003 from 27% in 2002, primarily the result of cost effective sourcing and improved inventory management. Operating expenses increased to \$3,360 in 2003 from \$2,645 in 2002 due to increases in selling, designing, marketing and advertising expenses. Income from operations for Steven was \$1,128 in 2003 compared to \$432 in 2002.

Stevies Inc. ("Stevies"):

Sales from Stevies accounted for \$10,120 or 3%, and \$13,664 or 4%, of total sales in 2003 and 2002, respectively. The decrease in sales was due to diminished reorder demand. Also, the decrease in sales was partly anticipated when Meldisco, the lease operator of the Federated Department Store children's departments and a division of Footstar, experienced temporary credit issues relating to its K-Mart business. This led to shipping delays and some cancellations. Gross profit as a percentage of sales decreased to 35% in 2003 from 36% in 2002,

primarily due to an increase in promotional activity. Operating expenses decreased to \$2,262 in 2003 from \$3,205 in 2002 due to decreases in selling and selling-related expenses. Income from operations for Stevies was \$1,258 in 2003 compared to \$1,779 in 2002.

Unionbay Men's Footwear ("Unionbay"):

Unionbay Men's Footwear, the Company's new license generated net sales of \$320 in the second half of 2003. The product placed consists primarily of test quantities.

#### Retail Division:

Sales from the Retail Division accounted for \$95,518 or 29% and \$91,883 or 28% of total sales in 2003 and 2002, respectively. The increase in sales was due to the increase in number of Steve Madden retail stores. During 2003, the Company opened six (6) new retail stores and closed three (3) of its under-performing stores. As of December 31, 2003, there were 83 retail stores compared to 80 retail stores as of December 31, 2002. Comparable store sales for the year ended December 31, 2003 decreased 4% over the same period of 2002. This decrease in sales was partially caused by the popularity of sneakers. These offerings were available at \$49.99 and below, pressuring the higher priced casual closed shoe category. Gross profit as a percentage of sales remained at 53% in 2003, the same as in 2002. Operating expenses for the Retail Division were \$41,719 in 2003 and \$39,793 in 2002. This increase was due to higher costs associated with the opening of the six (6) additional stores during 2003. Income from operations for the Retail Division was \$9,133 in 2003 compared to \$9,001 in 2002.

#### Adesso-Madden Division:

Adesso-Madden, Inc. generated commission revenues of \$5,056 for the year ended December 31, 2003, which represents a 6% increase over commission revenues of \$4,770 for the same period in 2002. This increase was primarily the result of growth in discount retail accounts. Income from operations for Adesso-Madden was \$2,904 in 2003 compared to \$2,548 in 2002.

Year Ended December 31, 2002 vs. Year Ended December 31, 2001

#### Consolidated:

Sales for the year ended December 31, 2002 were \$326,136 or 34% higher than the \$243,391 for the year ended December 31, 2001. The increase in sales was due in part to a \$34,692 increase in sales from Madden Mens, double-digit percentage gains in each of our other Wholesale Divisions and sales gains of \$12,396 or 16% in our Retail Division. Sales gains were attributable to greater acceptance of the Company's product offerings and to an increase in the Company's brand recognition as well as the Company's opening of ten additional retail stores.

Consolidated gross profit as a percentage of sales decreased to 39% in 2002 from 41% in 2001. The decrease was primarily due to sluggish business conditions, which required increased markdowns, selling and advertising allowances to facilitate sales in 2002 vs. 2001.

Total operating expenses increased to \$100,074 in 2002 from \$79,472 in 2001. Such increase resulted from expenses related to the first full year of operations of Madden Mens, growth in other segments of business and provision for management incentives. Advertising and marketing related expenses increased to \$7,451 in 2002 from \$6,596 in 2001 because of the Company's increased focus in this area. Selling, design and licensing expenses also increased to \$18,346 in 2002 from \$12,499 in 2001 because of overall growth in sales and the Company's concentration in its design and licensing areas. Additionally, remaining operating expenses increased to \$20,007 in 2002 from \$16,845 primarily because the Company opened 10 additional retail stores during 2002. Also, total legal expenses in 2002 increased to \$2,650 from \$922 in 2001 because of incremental legal and defense costs.

Income from operations for 2002 was \$33,212, which represents an increase of \$13,850 or 72% over income from operations of \$19,362 in 2001. Net income increased by 64% to \$19,841 in 2002 from \$12,116 in 2001. The increase in income resulted from the growth in sales and absorption of overhead by the growth in business. Also contributing to the increase in net income was the fact that in 2001, the Company had a non-recurring charge in the amount of \$6,950 in connection with the purchase of loss mitigation insurance coverage.

Steven Madden Ltd. (Madden Womens, l.e.i. and Madden Mens):

Sales from Madden Womens accounted for \$108,577 or 33%, and \$92,413 or 38%, of total sales in 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in sales was driven by the sales of key styles including euro casuals, open stock dress sandals and classic platform round toe boots. Gross profit as a percentage of sales decreased to 31% in 2002 from 35% in 2001 primarily due to earlier action by the division to sell off slow moving styles to create open-to-buy for new best sellers. In addition higher markdowns were taken by the division due to the general softness in the economy. Operating expenses increased to \$27,714 in 2002 from \$24,929 in 2001 due to increases in employee incentives and performance related expenses. Additionally, selling and designing expenses increased due to an increase in sales in 2002. Income from operations for Madden Womens was \$7,519 in 2002 compared to \$1,944 in 2001. Income from operations in 2001 included a pretax charge of \$6,950 in connection with the purchase of a loss mitigation policy.

Sales from 1.e.i. accounted for \$55,665 or 17%, and \$42,592 or 17%, of total sales in 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in sales was principally due to the addition of new accounts with retailers including The Bon Marche, Dayton Hudson, Stage Stores and Foot Action and higher sales of key styles such as euro casual and lug bottom casuals. Gross profit as a percentage of sales decreased to 36% in 2002 from 37% in 2001 primarily due to an increase in markdown allowances caused by higher levels of promotional activities at retail and general softness in the economy in the year 2002. Operating expenses increased to \$14,165 in 2002 from \$9,833 in 2001 due to increased sales commission, freight out and licensing costs as well as employee incentives and performance related expenses. Income from operations for 1.e.i. was \$6,132 in 2002 compared to \$5,900 in 2001.

Sales from Madden Mens, which commenced shipping in the first quarter of 2001, accounted for \$45,153 or 14%, and \$10,461 or 4%, of total sales in 2002 and 2001, respectively. The sales increase resulted from doubling the number of Madden Mens doors and wider acceptance of Madden Mens products throughout the department store distribution channels. Sales were driven by key styles including euro casual and the sport-active look. Gross profit as a percentage of sales remained at 36% in 2002, the same as 2001. Operating expenses increased to \$10,330 in 2002 from \$3,340 in 2001 due to increases in payroll and other payroll-related expenses, which were due to growth in the business, and the fact that year 2002 was the first full year of operation for this product line. Additionally, selling and designing expenses increased due to the increase in sales in 2002. Madden Mens income from operations increased to \$5,801 in 2002 compared to \$384 in 2001.

Diva Acquisition Corp. ("Diva"):

Sales from Diva accounted for \$11,194 or 3%, and \$7,454 or 3%, of total sales in 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in sales was achieved partly through the third quarter inclusion of sales of products from the newly introduced Steven brand (which had net sales of \$860 in 2002) within the Diva division. The increase in sales was also driven by key styles including pointy toe dress shoes, sport active shoes, driving moccasins and mid-heel dress shoes. Gross profit as a percentage of sales decreased to 27% in 2002 from 28% in 2001, primarily due to an increase in markdown allowances, resulting from higher levels of promotional activities caused by general softness in the economy in 2002. Operating expenses increased to \$2,645 in 2002 from \$1,796 in 2001 due to increases in payroll and other payroll-related expenses due to the growth in the business. Additionally, selling and related expenses increased due to the increase in sales in 2002. Diva's income from operations increased to \$432 in 2002 compared to \$274 in 2001.

Stevies Inc.

Sales from Stevies accounted for \$13,664 or 4%, and \$10,984 or 5%, of total sales in 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in sales was driven by the addition of new accounts with retailers including Meldisco children's departments, Zutopia, and the Wet Seals' children's division. This increase in sales was also due to the growth in accounts such as Limited Too, Journey's Kidz, Nordstrom and Filenes. Gross profit as a percentage of sales remained at 36% in 2002 same as 2001. Operating expenses increased to \$3,205 in 2002 from \$2,626 in 2001 due to increases in payroll and other payroll-related expenses. Additionally, selling and related expenses increased due to an increase in sales in the current period. Stevies income from operations increased to \$1,779 in 2002 compared to \$1,593 in 2001.

#### Retail Division:

Sales from the Retail Division accounted for \$91,883 or 28% and \$79,487 or 33% of total sales in 2002 and 2001, respectively. This increase in sales was due to the increase in the number of Steve Madden retail stores as well as an increase in comparable store sales. During 2002, the Company opened ten (10) new stores and closed three (3) of its low performing stores. As of December 31, 2002, there were 80 retail stores compared to 73 stores as of December 31, 2001. Comparable store sales for the year ended December 31, 2002 increased 6% over such sales in 2001. This increase was achieved through the early delivery of fresh products to the Company's stores and the prompt replenishment of inventory in season. Additionally the increase in sales was driven by key styles including women's dress and casual shoes as well as an increase in the sale of men's footwear in the Company's retail stores. Gross profit as a percentage of sales remained at 53% in 2002, the same as 2001. Operating expenses for the Retail Division increased to \$39,793 or 43% of sales in 2002 from \$34,992 or 44% of sales in 2001. This increase primarily resulted from the addition of new stores. Income from operations for the Retail Division was \$9,001 in 2002 compared to \$7,023 in 2001.

#### Adesso-Madden Division:

Adesso-Madden, Inc. generated commission revenues of \$4,770 for the year ended December 31, 2002, which represents a 14% increase over commission revenues of \$4,200 in 2001. This increase was primarily due to the growth in accounts such as Wal-Mart, Target, JC Penney and Mervyn's and the addition of children's products to the assortment mix. Operating expenses increased to \$2,222 in 2002 from \$1,956 in 2001 due to increases in payroll and other payroll-related expenses. Income from operations for Adesso-Madden was \$2,548 in 2002 compared to \$2,244 in 2001.

#### LICENSE AGREEMENTS

Revenues from licensing increased to \$2,838 in 2003 from \$1,833 in 2002. Revenue from the license product increased resulting in higher royalty income. As of December 31, 2003, the Company had six license partners covering six product categories of its Steve Madden brand. The product categories include handbags, hosiery, sunglasses, eyewear, belts and outerwear.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company had working capital of \$105,140 at December 31, 2003 compared to \$86,461 of working capital at December 31, 2002, representing an increase of \$18,679. The Company's 2003 net income was the primary contributor to the increase in working capital. The Company believes that based upon its financial position and available cash and marketable securities, it will meet all of its financial commitments and operating needs for at least the next twelve months.

Under the terms of a factoring agreement with Capital Factors, Inc., the Company is eligible to draw down 80% of its invoiced receivables at an interest rate of two points below the Prime Rate (as defined in such agreement). The agreement with Capital Factors expires December 31, 2004. Capital Factors maintains a lien on all of the Company's inventory and receivables and assumes the credit risk for all assigned accounts approved by them. Under the agreement, the Company has a credit line of \$15 million dollars. The Company did not use any portion of the credit line during 2003.

As of December 31, 2003 the Company had invested approximately \$32,659 in marketable securities consisting of corporate bonds, U.S. Treasury notes and government asset-backed securities.

#### OPERATING ACTIVITIES

During the year ended December 31, 2003, net cash provided by operating activities was \$7,903. Uses of cash was caused primarily by an increase in factored accounts receivable of \$6,583, an increase in prepaid expenses, prepaid taxes, deposits and others of \$5,535 and a decrease in accrued incentive compensation of \$2,234. In addition, inventory increased by \$4,413 principally due to the early receipt of spring 2004 merchandise. Sources of cash were provided principally by net income of \$20,454.

At December 31, 2003, the Company had un-negotiated open letters of credit for the purchase of imported merchandise of approximately \$7,458.

The Company has an employment agreement with Steve Madden, its Creative and Design Chief, which provides for an annual salary of \$700,000 through June 30, 2011. The agreement also provides for an annual performance bonus, an annual option grant at exercise prices equal to the market price on the date of grant and a non-accountable expense allowance.

The Company has employment agreements with certain executives, which provide for the payment of compensation aggregating approximately \$1,818 in 2004, \$1,060 in 2005 and \$234 in 2006. In addition, such employment agreements provide for incentive compensation based on various performance criteria as well as other benefits.

Significant portions of the Company's products are produced at overseas locations, the majority of which are located in Brazil, China, Italy and Spain. The Company has not entered into any long-term manufacturing or supply contracts with any of these foreign companies. The Company believes that a sufficient number of alternative sources exist outside of the United States for the manufacture of its products. In addition, the Company currently makes approximately ninety-seven percent (97%) of its purchases in U.S. dollars.

#### INVESTING ACTIVITIES

During the year ended December 31, 2003, the Company invested \$47,059 in marketable securities and received \$36,785 from maturities and sales of securities. In addition, the Company incurred capital expenditures of \$6,061 principally for leasehold improvements to its corporate office space, the addition of six (6) new stores and computer systems upgrades.

#### FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year ended December 31, 2003, the Company received \$4,805 in connection with the exercise of stock options.

#### INFLATION

The Company does not believe that the relatively low rates of inflation experienced over the last few years in the United States, where it primarily competes, have had a significant effect on sales, expenses or profitability.

#### CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The Company's contractual obligations as of December 31, 2003 were as follows:

	Payment due by period (in thousands)				
Contractual Obligations	Total	1 year	years	years	
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Capital Lease Obligations		1			
Operating Lease Obligations					17,452
Purchase Obligations		7,458			
Other Long-Term Liabilities (future minimum royalty payments)					
Total					\$22,002

#### OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

Fashion Industry Risks: The success of the Company will depend in significant part upon its ability to anticipate and respond to product and fashion trends as well as to anticipate, gauge and react to changing consumer demands in a timely manner. There can be no assurance that the Company's products will correspond to the changes in taste and demand or that the Company will be able to successfully market products that respond to such trends. If the Company misjudges the market for its products, it may be faced with significant excess inventories for some products and missed opportunities with others. In addition, misjudgments in merchandise selection could adversely affect the Company's image with its customers resulting in lower sales and increased markdown allowances for customers which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

The industry in which the Company operates is cyclical, with purchases tending to decline during recessionary periods when disposable income is low. Purchases of contemporary shoes and accessories tend to decline during recessionary periods and also may decline at other times. While the Company has fared well in recent years in a difficult retail environment, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to return to its historical rate of growth in revenues and earnings, or remain profitable in the future. A recession in the national or regional economies or uncertainties regarding future economic prospects, among other things, could affect consumer-spending habits and have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

In recent years, the retail industry has experienced consolidation and other ownership changes. In the future, retailers in the United States and in foreign markets may consolidate, undergo restructurings or reorganizations, or realign their affiliations, any of which could decrease the number of stores that carry the Company's products or increase the ownership concentration within the retail industry. While such changes in the retail industry to date have not had a material adverse effect on the Company's business or financial condition, there can be no assurance as to the future effect of any such changes.

Inventory Management: The fashion-oriented nature of the Company's products and the rapid changes in customer preferences leave the Company vulnerable to an increased risk of inventory obsolescence. Thus, the Company's ability to manage its inventories properly is an important factor in its operations. Inventory shortages can adversely affect the timing of shipments to customers and diminish sales and brand loyalty. Conversely, excess inventories can result in lower gross margins due to the excessive discounts and markdowns that might be necessary to reduce inventory levels. The inability of the Company to effectively manage its inventory would have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Dependence Upon Customers and Risks Related to Extending Credit to Customers: The Company's customers consist principally of department stores and specialty stores, including shoe boutiques. Certain of the Company's department store customers, including some under common ownership, account for significant portions of the Company's wholesale business.

The Company generally enters into a number of purchase order commitments with its customers for each of its lines every season and does not enter into long-term agreements with any of its customers. Therefore, a decision by a significant customer of the Company, whether motivated by competitive conditions, financial difficulties or otherwise, to decrease the amount of merchandise purchased from the Company or to change its manner of doing business could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. The Company sells its products primarily to retail stores across the United States and extends credit based on an evaluation of each customer's financial condition, usually without collateral. While various retailers, including some of the Company's customers, have experienced financial difficulties in the past few years which increased the risk of extending credit to such retailers, the Company's losses due to bad debts have been limited. Pursuant to the Factoring Agreement between Capital Factors and the Company, Capital Factors currently assumes the credit risk related to approximately 95% of the Company's accounts receivables. However, financial difficulties of a customer could cause the Company to curtail business with such customer or require the Company to assume more credit risk relating to such customer's account receivable.

Impact of Foreign Manufacturers: Substantial portions of the Company's products are currently sourced outside the United States through arrangements with a number of foreign manufacturers in four different countries.

During the year ended December 31, 2003, approximately 85% of the Company's products were purchased from sources outside the United States, primarily from China, Brazil, Italy and Spain.

Risks inherent in foreign operations include work stoppages, transportation delays and interruptions, changes in social, political and economic conditions which could result in the disruption of trade from the countries in which the Company's manufacturers or suppliers are located, the imposition of additional regulations relating to imports, the imposition of additional duties, taxes and other charges on imports, significant fluctuations of the value of the dollar against foreign currencies, or restrictions on the transfer of funds, any of which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. The Company does not believe that any such economic or political condition will materially affect the Company's ability to purchase products, since a variety of materials and alternative sources are available. The Company cannot be certain, however, that it will be able to identify such alternative sources without delay (if ever) or without greater cost to the Company. The Company's inability to identify and secure alternative sources of supply in this situation would have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

The Company's imported products are also subject to United States customs duties. The United States and the countries in which the Company's products are produced or sold, from time to time, impose new quotas, duties, tariffs, or other restrictions, or may adversely adjust prevailing quota, duty or tariff levels, any of which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Possible Adverse Impact of Unaffiliated Manufacturers' Inability to Manufacture in a Timely Manner, Meet Quality Standards or to Use Acceptable Labor Practices: As is common in the footwear industry, the Company contracts for the manufacture of a majority of its products to its specifications through foreign manufacturers. The Company does not own or operate any manufacturing facilities and is therefore dependent upon independent third parties for the manufacture of all of its products. The Company's products are manufactured to its specifications by both domestic and international manufacturers. The inability of a manufacturer to ship orders of the Company's products in a timely manner or to meet the Company's quality standards could cause the Company to miss the delivery date requirements of its customers for those items, which could result in cancellation of orders, refusal to accept deliveries or a reduction in purchase prices, any of which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Although the Company enters into a number of purchase order commitments each season specifying a time frame for delivery, method of payment, design and quality specifications and other standard industry provisions, the Company does not have long-term contracts with any manufacturer. As a consequence, any of these manufacturing relationships may be terminated, by either party, at any time. Although the Company believes that other facilities are available for the manufacture of the Company's products, both within and outside of the United States, there can be no assurance that such facilities would be available to the Company on an immediate basis, if at all, or that the costs charged to the Company by such manufacturers will not be greater than those presently paid.

The Company requires its licensing partners and independent manufacturers to operate in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. While the Company promotes ethical business practices and the Company's staff periodically visits and monitors the operations of its independent manufacturers, the Company does not control such manufacturers or their labor practices. The violation of labor or other laws by an independent manufacturer of the Company or by one of the Company's licensing partners, or the divergence of an independent manufacturer's or licensing partner's labor practices from those generally accepted as ethical in the United States, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Intense Industry Competition: The fashion footwear industry is highly competitive and barriers to entry are low. The Company's competitors include specialty companies as well as companies with diversified product lines. The recent market growth in the sales of fashionable footwear has encouraged the entry of many new competitors and increased competition from established companies. Most of these competitors, including Diesel, Kenneth Cole, Nine West, DKNY, Skechers, Nike and Guess, may have significantly greater financial and other resources than the Company and there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to compete successfully with other fashion footwear companies. Increased competition could result in pricing pressures, increased marketing expenditures and loss of market share, and could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. The Company believes effective advertising and marketing, branding of the Steve Madden name, fashionable styling, high quality and value are the most important competitive factors and plans to continually

employ these elements as it develops its products. The Company's inability to effectively advertise and market its products could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Expansion of Retail Business: The Company's continued growth depends to a significant degree on further developing the Steve Madden(R), Stevies, Steven, Steve Madden Mens, l.e.i.(R), Unionbay(R) and Candie's(R) brands, creating new product categories and businesses and operating Company-owned stores on a profitable basis. During the year ended December 31, 2003 the Company opened six (6) Steve Madden retail stores and has plans to open approximately eight to ten (8-10) additional stores in the year 2004. The Company's recent and planned expansion includes the opening of stores in new geographic markets as well as strengthening existing markets. New markets have in the past presented, and will continue to present, competitive and merchandising challenges that are different from those faced by the Company in its existing markets. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to open new stores, and if opened, that such new stores will be able to achieve sales and profitability levels consistent with management's expectations. The Company's retail expansion is dependent on a number of factors, including the Company's ability to locate and obtain favorable store sites, the performance of the Company's wholesale and retail operations, and the ability of the Company to manage such expansion and hire and train personnel. Past comparable store sales results may not be indicative of future results, and there can be no assurance that the Company's comparable store sales results can be maintained or will increase in the future. In addition, there can be no assurance that the Company's strategies to increase other sources of revenue, which may include expansion of its licensing activities, will be successful or that the Company's overall sales or profitability will increase or not be adversely affected as a result of the implementation of such retail strategies.

The Company's operations have increased and will continue to increase demand on the Company's managerial, operational and administrative resources. The Company has recently invested significant resources in, among other things, its management information systems and hiring and training new personnel. However, in order to manage currently anticipated levels of future demand, the Company may be required to, among other things, expand its distribution facilities, establish relationships with new manufacturers to produce its products, and continue to expand and improve its financial, management and operating systems. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to manage future growth effectively and a failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Seasonal and Quarterly Fluctuations: The Company's results may fluctuate quarter to quarter as a result of the timing of holidays, weather, the timing of larger shipments of footwear, market acceptance of the Company's products, the mix, pricing and presentation of the products offered and sold, the hiring and training of additional personnel, inventory write downs, the cost of materials, the product mix between wholesale and licensing businesses, the incurrence of other operating costs and factors beyond the Company's control, such as general economic conditions and actions of competitors. In addition, the Company expects that its sales and operating results may be significantly impacted by the opening of new retail stores and the introduction of new products. Accordingly, the results of operations in any quarter will not necessarily be indicative of the results that may be achieved for a full fiscal year or any future quarter.

Trademark and Service Mark Protection: The Company believes that its trademarks and service marks and other proprietary rights are important to its success and its competitive position. Accordingly, the Company devotes substantial resources to the establishment and protection of its trademarks on a worldwide basis. Nevertheless, there can be no assurance that the actions taken by the Company to establish and protect its trademarks and other proprietary rights will be adequate to prevent imitation of its products by others or to prevent others from seeking to block sales of the Company's products on the basis that they violate the trademarks and proprietary rights of others. Moreover, no assurance can be given that others will not assert rights in, or ownership of, trademarks and other proprietary rights of the Company or that the Company will be able to successfully resolve such conflicts. In addition, the laws of certain foreign countries may not protect proprietary rights to the same extent as do the laws of the United States. The failure of the Company to establish and then protect such proprietary rights from unlawful and improper utilization could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Foreign Currency Fluctuations: The Company generally purchases its products in U.S. dollars. However, the Company sources substantially all of its products overseas and, as such, the cost of these products may be affected by changes in the value of the relevant currencies. Changes in currency exchange rates may also affect the relative

prices at which the Company and foreign competitors sell their products in the same market. There can be no assurance that foreign currency fluctuations will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Outstanding Options: As of March 4, 2004 the Company had outstanding options to purchase an aggregate of approximately 2,274,475 shares of Common Stock. Holders of such options are likely to exercise them when, in all likelihood, the market price of the Company's stock is significantly higher than the exercise price of the options. Further, while its options are outstanding, they may adversely affect the terms on which the Company could obtain additional capital, if required.

Economic and Political Risks: The present economic condition in the United States and concern about uncertainties could significantly reduce the disposable income available to the Company's customers for the purchase of our products. In addition, current unstable political conditions, including the potential or actual conflicts in Iraq, North Korea or elsewhere, or the continuation or escalation of terrorism, could have an adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

#### ITEM 7A QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company does not engage in the trading of market risk sensitive instruments in the normal course of business. Financing arrangements for the Company are subject to variable interest rates primarily based on the prime rate. An analysis of the Company's credit agreement with Capital Factors, Inc. can be found in Note C. "Due From Factor" to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003. On December 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002, there were no direct borrowings outstanding under the credit agreement.

As of December 31, 2003, the Company had investments in marketable securities valued at \$32,659, which consists principally of federal and state obligations. These obligations have various maturities through December 2008. These investments are subject to interest rate risk and will decrease in value if market interest rates increase. The Company currently has the ability to hold these investments until maturity. Should there be a significant increase in interest rates, the value of these investments would be negatively affected unless they were held to maturity. In addition, any further decline in interest rates would reduce the Company's interest income.

## ITEM 8 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

See financial statements following Item 15 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 9 CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

## ITEM 9A CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As required by Rule 13a-15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of its disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the fiscal year covered by this annual report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) were effective as of the end of the fiscal year covered by this annual report. As required by Rule 13a-15(d) under the Exchange Act, the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the Company's internal controls over financial reporting to determine whether any changes occurred during the fourth quarter of 2003 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Based on that evaluation, there has been no such change during the fourth quarter of 2003.

#### PART III

#### ITEM 10 DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

The other information required to be furnished pursuant to this item will be set forth in the Company's proxy statement for the 2004 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, and is incorporated herein by reference.

## ITEM 11 EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information required to be furnished pursuant to this item will be set forth in the Company's proxy statement for the 2004 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, and is incorporated herein by reference.

# ITEM 12 SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The information required to be furnished pursuant to this item will be set forth in the Company's proxy statement for the 2004 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, and is incorporated herein by reference.

## ITEM 13 CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

The information required to be furnished pursuant to this item will be set forth in the Company's proxy statement for the 2004 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, and is incorporated herein by reference.

#### ITEM 14 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The information required to be furnished pursuant to this item will be set forth in the Company's proxy statement for the 2004 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, and is incorporated herein by reference.

#### PART IV

# ITEM 15 EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES, AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a)(1) Financial Statements The following consolidated financial statements of Steven Madden, Ltd. and subsidiaries are included in Item 8:

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Balance sheets as of December 31, 2003 and 2002	F-3
Statements of income for the years ended December 31, 2003, 2002 and 2001 $$	F-4
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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders Steven Madden, Ltd. New York, New York

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Steven Madden, Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2003. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements enumerated above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Steven Madden, Ltd. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and the consolidated results of their operations and their consolidated cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2003 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Eisner LLP

New York, New York February 10, 2004

# Consolidated Balance Sheets

Consolidated Balance Sheets	December 31,	
	2003	2002
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 53,073,000	
Accounts receivable - net of allowances of \$452,000 and \$497,000	4,281,000	
Due from factor - net of allowances of \$1,926,000 and \$1,718,000	28,748,000	22,373,000
Inventories	23,858,000	
Marketable securities - available for sale	3,229,000	500,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets Prepaid taxes	2,844,000 4,270,000	1,651,000
Deferred taxes	1,692,000	1,633,000
Total current assets	121,995,000	105,354,000
Property and equipment, net	18,391,000	17,073,000
Deferred taxes	5,618,000	3,699,000
Deposits and other	370,000	298,000
Marketable securities - available for sale	29,430,000	22,010,000
Cost in excess of fair value of net assets acquired - net of accumulated	0.066.000	0.066.000
amortization of \$714,000	2,066,000	2,066,000
	\$ 177,870,000	\$ 150,500,000
	=========	========
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Capital lease obligations		\$ 14,000
Accounts payable	11,087,000	
Accrued expenses Accrued incentive compensation	5,300,000 467,000	7,134,000 2,701,000
Accrued incentive compensation	467,000	
Total current liabilities	16,855,000	18,893,000
Deferred rent	1,828,000	1,532,000
	18,683,000	
Commitments, contingencies and other		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY  Preferred stock - \$.0001 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued		
Series A Junior Participating preferred stock - \$.0001 par value, 60,000		
shares authorized; none issued		
Common stock - \$.0001 par value, 60,000,000 shares authorized, 14,459,109		
and 14,016,059 shares issued, 13,213,905 and 12,770,855 shares		
outstanding at December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively	1,000	1,000
Additional paid-in capital	79,136,000	70,683,000
Retained earnings	91,176,000	70,722,000
Unearned compensation	(3,008,000)	(3,476,000)
Other comprehensive gain (loss): Unrealized (loss) gain on marketable securities (net of taxes)	(127,000)	136,000
Treasury stock - 1,245,204 shares at cost	(7,991,000)	(7,991,000)
	159,187,000	130,075,000
	\$ 177,870,000	\$ 150,500,000
	========	=========

# Consolidated Statements of Income

Year	Ended	December	-31.

	2003	2002	2001
Net sales:			
Wholesale	\$ 228,686,000	\$ 234,253,000	\$ 163,904,000
Retail	95,518,000	91,883,000	79,487,000
	324,204,000	326,136,000	243,391,000
Cost of sales:			
Wholesale	153,519,000	156,364,000	106,046,000
Retail	44,666,000	43,089,000	37,472,000
	198,185,000	199,453,000	143,518,000
Gross profit	126,019,000	126,683,000	99,873,000
Commission and licensing fee income	7,894,000		
Operating expenses		(100,074,000)	
Cost of loss mitigation coverage			(6,950,000)
Income before other income (expenses) and provision			
for income taxes	33,626,000	33,212,000	19,362,000
Other income (expenses):			
Interest income	1,611,000		1,344,000
Interest expense	(54,000)		
Gain on sale of marketable securities	136,000	66,000	71,000
Income before provision for income taxes	35,319,000	34,428,000	20,711,000
Provision for income taxes	14,865,000	14,587,000	8,595,000
Net income	\$ 20,454,000	\$ 19,841,000	\$ 12,116,000
	========	========	=========
Basic income per share	\$ 1.58 =======	\$ 1.58	\$ 1.04 =======
Diluted income per share	\$ 1.45	\$ 1.45	\$ 0.94
	========	========	=========
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	12,985,265	12,594,861	11,617,862
Effect of dilutive securities - options	1,153,246	1,115,018	1,330,002
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	14,138,511		12,947,864

# Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

	Common Shares	Stock  Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Unearned Compensation
Balance - December 31, 2000 Exercise of stock options Tax benefit from exercise of options Compensation in connection with	12,306,684		\$46,688,000 8,998,000 2,765,000	\$38,765,000	\$ (897,000)
issuance of stock options Compensation in connection with			2,004,000		(810,000)
issuance of restricted stock Net income	10,000		188,000	12,116,000	
Amortization of unearned compensation					533,000
Balance - December 31, 2001 Exercise of stock options Tax benefit from exercise of options Deferred compensation in connection with issuance of stock options and	13,439,020 567,039	1,000	60,643,000 4,364,000 1,146,000	50,881,000	(1,174,000)
restricted stock  Compensation in connection with			3,930,000		(3,930,000)
issuance of stock options Compensation in connection with			412,000		
issuance of restricted stock  Amortization of unearned compensation  Unrealized holding gain on marketable  securities (net of taxes)	10,000		188,000		1,628,000
Net income Comprehensive income				19,841,000	
Balance - December 31, 2002	14,016,059	1,000	70,683,000	70,722,000	(3,476,000)
Exercise of stock options Tax benefit from exercise of options Deferred compensation in connection with issuance of stock options and	443,050		4,805,000 1,239,000		
restricted stock Amortization of unearned compensation Unrealized holding loss on marketable securities (net of taxes of \$190,000)			2,409,000		(2,409,000) 2,877,000
Net income Comprehensive income				20,454,000	
Balance - December 31, 2003	14,459,109	\$ 1,000 ======	\$79,136,000	\$91,176,000	\$(3,008,000) ======

# Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Continued)

	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Treasury Stock		Total Stockholders'	Comprehensive
	Gain (Loss)	Shares	Amount	Equity	Income
Balance - December 31, 2000 Exercise of stock options Tax benefit from exercise of options Compensation in connection with		1,245,204		\$ 76,566,000 8,998,000 2,765,000	
issuance of stock options Compensation in connection with				1,194,000	
issuance of restricted stock Net income Amortization of unearned compensation				188,000 12,116,000 533,000	
Balance - December 31, 2001 Exercise of stock options Tax benefit from exercise of options Deferred compensation in connection with issuance of stock options and		1,245,204	(7,991,000)	102,360,000 4,364,000 1,146,000	
restricted stock Compensation in connection with issuance of stock options Compensation in connection with				412,000	
issuance of restricted stock Amortization of unearned compensation Unrealized holding gain on marketable				188,000 1,628,000	
securities (net of taxes) Net income	\$ 136,000			136,000 19,841,000	\$ 136,000 19,841,000
Comprehensive income					\$ 19,977,000 ======
Balance - December 31, 2002 Exercise of stock options Tax benefit from exercise of options Deferred compensation in connection with issuance of stock options and	136,000	1,245,204	(7,991,000)	130,075,000 4,805,000 1,239,000	
restricted stock  Amortization of unearned compensation  Unrealized holding loss on marketable				2,877,000	
securities (net of taxes of \$190,000) Net income	(263,000)			(263,000) 20,454,000	\$ (263,000) 20,454,000
Comprehensive income					\$ 20,191,000 ======
Balance - December 31, 2003	\$ (127,000) ======	1,245,204	\$ (7,991,000)	\$ 159,187,000	

# Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	Year Ended December 31,		
	2003	2002	2001
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 20,454,000	\$ 19,841,000	\$ 12,116,000
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by			
operating activities:	0 000 000	0 000 000	1 015 000
Equity-based compensation	2,877,000	2,228,000	1,915,000
Depreciation and amortization	4,743,000	3,706,000	3,447,000
Deferred taxes	(1,978,000)	(1,090,000)	(480,000)
Tax benefit from exercise of options	1,239,000	1,146,000	2,765,000
Provision for doubtful accounts and chargebacks	163,000	571,000	219,000
Deferred rent expense	296,000	233,000	225,000
Realized gain on sale of marketable securities	(136,000)	(66,000)	(71,000)
Changes in:	(1 106 000)	(1 005 000)	060 000
Accounts receivable	(1,196,000)		862,000
Due from factor	(6,583,000)	79,000	(8,364,000)
Inventories	(4,413,000)	(3,627,000)	6,000
Prepaid expenses, prepaid taxes, deposits and other assets	(5,535,000)	7,046,000	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	206,000	(1,556,000)	4,054,000
Accrued incentive compensation	(2,234,000)	2,289,000	183,000
Net cash provided by operating activities	7,903,000	29,593,000	9,393,000
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of property and equipment	(6,061,000)		
Purchases of marketable securities		(26,349,000)	
Maturity/sale of marketable securities	36,785,000	4,041,000	125,000
Net cash used in investing activities	(16,335,000)	(27,380,000)	(3,344,000)
Carl Slave Sure Simurian articles			
Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from exercise of stock options	4 005 000	4 364 000	0 000 000
Payments of lease obligations	4,805,000 (13,000)	4,364,000 (43,000)	8,998,000 (127,000)
rayments of lease obligations	(13,000)	(43,000)	(127,000)
Net cash provided by financing activities	4,792,000	4,321,000	8,871,000
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(3,640,000)	6,534,000	14,920,000
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	56,713,000	50,179,000	35,259,000
cash and cash equivarents - beginning of year			
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 53,073,000	\$ 56,713,000	\$ 50,179,000
	========	========	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:  Cash paid during the year for:			
Interest	\$ 54,000	\$ 16,000	\$ 66,000
Income taxes	\$ 18,700,000	\$ 6,522,000	\$ 14,389,000

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### [1] Organization:

Steven Madden, Ltd., a Delaware corporation, designs and sources women's, girl's and men's shoes, for sale through its wholesale and retail channels under the Steve Madden, Steven, Stevies, Madden Mens, Lei (under license), Candie's (under license) and Unionbay (under license) brand names. Revenue is generated predominately through the sale of the Company's brand name merchandise and certain licensed products. At December 31, 2003 and 2002, the Company operated 83 and 80 retail stores (including its website as a store), respectively. Such revenue is subject to seasonal fluctuations. See Note K for operating segment information.

#### [2] Principles of consolidation:

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Steven Madden, Ltd. and its wholly owned subsidiaries Steven Madden Retail, Inc., Diva Acquisition Corp., Adesso-Madden, Inc., Unionbay Men's Footwear, Inc. and Stevies, Inc. (collectively referred to as the "Company"). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

#### [3] Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## [4] Cash equivalents:

Cash equivalents at December 31, 2003 and 2002, amounted to approximately \$44,829,000 and \$46,024,000, respectively, and consist of money market accounts, certificates of deposit and commercial paper. The Company considers all highly liquid instruments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

## [5] Marketable securities:

Marketable securities consist primarily of corporate bonds, U.S. treasury notes and government asset-backed securities with maturities greater than three months up to 5 years at the time of purchase. These securities, which are classified as available for sale, are carried at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses, net of any tax effect, reported in stockholders' equity as accumulated other comprehensive income, and are held at an investment bank in the schedule of maturities as follows:

	Maturities				
	1 Y	ear or Less	1	to 5 Years	
Schedule of maturities:					
Municipal bonds	\$	154,000	\$	14,229,000	
US Government and Federal agency bonds		2,560,000		6,507,000	
Corporate bonds (domestic)				6,606,000	
Corporate bonds (international)		515,000		2,088,000	
	\$	3,229,000	\$	29,430,000	
	===	=======	==		

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### [6] Inventories:

Inventories, which consist of finished goods, are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

#### [7] Property and equipment:

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is computed utilizing the straight-line method based on estimated useful lives ranging from three to ten years. Leasehold improvements are amortized utilizing the straight-line method over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the remaining lease term. Depreciation and amortization include amounts relating to property and equipment under capital leases.

Impairment losses are recognized for long-lived assets, including certain intangibles, used in operations when indicators of impairment are present and the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated by those assets are not sufficient to recover the assets' carrying amount. Impairment losses are measured by comparing the fair value of the assets to their carrying amount. No impairment losses have been incurred for the years presented.

#### [8] Cost in excess of fair value of net assets acquired:

Cost in excess of fair value of net assets acquired relates to two acquisitions, and through December 31, 2001 was being amortized over 20 years.

During 2002, the Company adopted SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("FAS 142"). Amortization of indefinite lived intangible assets was no longer allowed under FAS 142, however these identified assets are subject to annual impairment tests. The Company has determined that such goodwill is allocable to the wholesale segment and the carrying amount of these assets is not impaired at December 31, 2003.

## [9] Net income per share:

Basic income per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted income per share reflects the potential dilution assuming common shares were issued upon the exercise of outstanding in-the-money options and the proceeds (including the amount of compensation cost, if any, attributed to future services and not yet recognized and the amount of tax benefits, if any, that would be credited to additional paid-in capital assuming exercise of the options) thereof were used to purchase treasury stock at the average market price during the period. For the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, options exercisable into approximately 100,000 and 741,000 shares of common stock, respectively, have not been included in the calculation of diluted income per share as the result would have been antidilutive.

## [10] Advertising costs:

The Company expenses costs of print, radio and billboard advertisements as of the first date the advertisements take place. Advertising expense included in operating expenses amounted to approximately \$7,666,000 in 2003, \$7,451,000 in 2002 and \$6,596,000 in 2001.

## [11] Fair value of financial instruments:

The carrying value of the Company's financial instruments approximate fair value due to their short-term nature or their underlying terms. Marketable securities are carried at quoted market prices which represent fair value.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### [12] Stock-based compensation:

At December 31, 2003, the Company had various stock option plans, which are described more fully in Note D. The Company has elected to continue to follow the intrinsic value method in accounting for its stock-based employee compensation arrangements. The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if the company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123 to stock-based employee compensation.

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2003		2002		2001
Reported net income	\$	20,454,000	\$	19,841,000	\$	12,116,000
Stock-based employee compensation included in reported net income, net of tax  Stock-based employee compensation determined		412,000		932,000		935,000
under the fair value based method, net of tax		(2,838,000)		(2,663,000)		(2,272,000)
Pro forma net income	\$	18,028,000		18,110,000	\$	10,779,000
Basic income per share:						
As reported	\$	1.58	\$	1.58	\$	1.04
Pro forma	\$	1.39	\$	1.44	\$	0.93
Diluted income per share:						
As reported	\$	1.45	\$	1.45	\$	0.94
Pro forma	\$	1.28	\$	1.32	\$	0.83

The weighted average fair value of options granted in 2003, 2002 and 2001 was approximately \$10.62, \$10.60 and \$9.44, respectively, using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions:

	2003	2002	2001
Volatility	71%	73%	75%
Risk free interest rate	2.18% - 3.0%	2.60% - 4.15%	3.56% - 4.98%
Expected life in years	4	4	4
Dividend yield	0	0	0

## [13] Revenue recognition:

Wholesale revenue is recognized upon shipment. Allowances for estimated discounts and allowances are recognized when sales are recorded. Commission revenue is recognized when title of product transfers to the customer. Retail sales are recognized when the payment is received from customers and are recorded net of returns. Licensing revenue is recognized on the basis of net sales reported by the licensees or, if greater, minimum guaranteed royalties when received.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

[14] Impairment of long-lived assets:

During fiscal 2002, the Company adopted SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" ("FAS 144"). If facts and circumstances indicate that the Company's long-lived assets might be impaired, the estimated future undiscounted cash flows associated with the long-lived asset would be compared to its carrying amounts to determine if a write-down to fair value is necessary. If a write-down is required, the amount is determined by estimation of the present value of net discounted cash flows in accordance with FAS 144.

[15] 401(k) Plan:

The Company maintains a tax-qualified, 401(k) plan which is available to each of the Company's eligible employees who elect to participate after meeting certain length-of-service requirements. The Company makes discretionary matching contributions of 25% of employees' contributions up to a maximum of 6% of employees' compensation, which vest to the employees over a period of time. Total matching contributions to the plan for 2003, 2002 and 2001 were approximately \$162,000, \$142,000 and \$120,000, respectively.

[16] Recently issued accounting standards:

SFAS No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Both Liabilities and Equity," which was issued in May 2003, will require redeemable preferred stock to be classified, in certain circumstances, as a liability, upon adoption by a public company at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. SFAS No. 150 provides that mandatorily redeemable preferred stock should be classified as a liability if it embodies an unconditional obligation requiring the issuer to redeem the shares by transferring its assets at a specified or determinable date or upon an event certain to occur. The Company does not currently have any financial instruments with these characteristics. SFAS No. 150 had no effect on the Company's results of operations and financial position.

In November 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 45, "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosures Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others" ("FIN 45"). FIN 45 requires that upon issuance of a guarantee, the guarantor must recognize a liability for the fair value of the obligation it assumes under that guarantee. FIN 45 is effective on a prospective basis to guarantees issued or modified after December 15, 2002, but has certain disclosure requirements effective for financial statements of interim or annual periods ending after December 15, 2002. The Company does not currently have any guarantees. The adoption of the disclosure requirements of FIN 45 had no effect on its financial position or results of operations of the Company.

In January 2003, the FASB issued FIN No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities" ("FIN 46"). FIN 46 relates to certain entities in which equity investors do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or do not have sufficient capital at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. Under certain circumstances, an enterprise may be required to consolidate such an entity if it will absorb a majority of the entity's expected losses, receive a majority of the entity's residual returns, or both. FIN 46 became effective for variable interest entities created after January 31, 2003, and had no effect on the Company's financial position as of December 31, 2003, and its results of operations for the year then ended.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2003 and 2002

#### NOTE B - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The major classes of assets and accumulated depreciation and amortization are as follows:

	December 31,		
	2003	2002	
Leasehold improvements	\$ 22,005,000	\$ 19,478,000	
Machinery and equipment	730,000	719,000	
Furniture and fixtures	3,885,000	3,157,000	
Computer equipment	4,767,000	3,959,000	
Equipment under capital lease		194,000	
	31,387,000	27,507,000	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(12,996,000)	(10,434,000)	
Property and equipment - net	\$ 18,391,000	\$ 17,073,000	

## NOTE C - DUE FROM FACTOR

Under the terms of its factoring agreement, as amended, the Company may request advances from the factor up to 80% of aggregate receivables purchased by the factor at an interest rate of prime minus 2%. The Company also pays a fee equal to 0.45% of the gross invoice amount of each receivable purchased. In addition, the factor charges an annual unused line fee of .25% of the average daily unused portion of the Company's \$15,000,000 credit line. The Company sells and assigns a substantial portion of its receivables, principally without recourse, to the factor. At December 31, 2003 and 2002, \$512,000 and \$865,000 of factored receivables were sold by the Company with recourse. The factor assumes the credit risk of all assigned accounts approved by it, but maintains liens on all inventory, trade receivables (whether or not assigned) and the goods represented thereby.

## NOTE D - STOCK OPTIONS

The Company established various stock option plans under which options to purchase shares of common stock may be granted to employees, directors, officers, agents, consultants and independent contractors. The plans provide that the option price shall not be less than the fair market value of the common stock on the date of grant and that no portion of the option may be exercised beyond ten years from that date. No incentive stock option can be granted and exercised beyond five years to a stockholder owning 10% or more of the Company's outstanding common stock. Options granted under the plans during the three years ended December 31, 2003 vest on the date of grant or up to three years from such date.

NOTE D - STOCK OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

The Company has several stock option plans. The 1993 Incentive Stock Option Plan, The 1995 Stock Plan, The 1996 Stock Plan and The 1997 Stock Plan provide for options to be granted to employees and directors.

The 1993 Incentive Stock Option Plan expired in 2003.

In June 1999, the Company adopted The 1999 Stock Plan which authorized the issuance of up to 400,000 shares. In May 2000, the stockholders approved an amendment to this Plan to increase the maximum number of shares to be issued under the Plan to 975,000 shares. In July 2001, the stockholders approved an amendment to this Plan to increase the maximum number of shares to be issued under the Plan to 1,600,000 shares. In May 2002, the stockholders approved a further amendment to this Plan to increase the maximum number of shares to be issued under the Plan to 2,280,000. In 2003, the stockholders approved a further amendment to this Plan to increase the maximum number of shares to be issued under the Plan to 2,920,000. Terms of the 1999 Stock Plan are not materially different from the various existing stock option plans.

Through December 31, 2003, 2,643,000 options had been granted under The 1999 Stock Plan, as amended, and as of such date 277,000 shares were available for grant.

In connection with the amended employment agreement of the former Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), who is now the Company's Creative and Design Chief, the Company issued options to purchase 500,000 shares of its common stock. The options, which vested in August 1998, have an exercise price of \$3.31 and are exercisable over 10 years expiring in March 2005. Unearned compensation was recorded in the amount of \$1,345,000 which represented the difference between the exercise price and the fair value of the stock on the date of grant, and is classified as a component of stockholders' equity. The unearned compensation is being amortized over the ten-year term of the amended agreement. Accordingly, \$128,000 in each year has been charged to operations for 2003, 2002 and 2001.

In connection with the Chief Operating Officer's employment agreement (the "COO Agreement"), the Company issued options to purchase 75,000 shares of its common stock. The options which vested quarterly through December 31, 2001, have an exercise price of \$8.00. The market value of the stock on the date of grant was \$18.80 per share. Unearned compensation was recorded in the amount of \$810,000, which represented the difference between the exercise price and the fair value of the stock on the date of grant, and is classified as a component of stockholders' equity. The unearned compensation was amortized over the two-year term of the employment agreement. Accordingly, \$405,000 has been charged to operations in each year 2002 and 2001. As an amendment to the COO Agreement dated July 1, 2002, the Company issued 20,000 restricted shares of its common stock, which vest quarterly through January 1, 2005. The market value of the stock on the date of grant was \$18.74 per share. Unearned compensation was recorded in the amount of \$375,000 and is classified as a component of stockholders' equity. The unearned compensation is being amortized over the 2 1/2-year term of the employment agreement. Accordingly, \$225,000 has been charged to operations in 2003.

NOTE D - STOCK OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Activity relating to stock options granted under the Company's plans and outside the plans during the three years ended December 31, 2003 is as follows:

	2003			20	02		2001		
	Number of Shares	Av Ex	ighted erage ercise rice	Number of Shares	Av	eighted verage ercise vrice	Number of Shares	Av Ex	ighted erage ercise rice
Outstanding at January 1 Granted Exercised Cancelled	2,345,000 403,000 (443,000) (31,000)	\$		2,231,000 696,000 (567,000) (15,000)	·	7.25 17.53 7.70 16.71	2,749,000 614,000 (1,122,000) (10,000)		12.68
Outstanding at December 31	2,274,000		11.35	2,345,000		10.14	2,231,000		7.25
Exercisable at December 31	1,885,000		10.33	1,813,000		8.01	2,131,000		7.22

The following table summarizes information about stock options at December 31, 2003:

	Opt	Options Outstanding		Options Exercisable		
	Number	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	_	Number	Weighted Average Exercise	
Range of Exercise Price	Outstanding	(in Years)	Price	Exercisable	Price	
\$ 1.75 to \$ 3.31 \$ 5.50 to \$ 7.00 \$ 8.00 to \$ 9.12 \$ 9.55 to \$12.00 \$13.50 to \$17.41 \$18.00 to \$20.98	89,000 125,000 42,000	2.1 3.7 7.4 7.6 9.0 8.5	\$ 2.36 5.76 8.97 9.68 14.48 19.02	89,000 125,000	5.76 8.97 9.68 19.72	
	2,274,000	6.0	11.35	1,885,000	10.33	

In May 2003, the Company granted 100,000 options to a director exercisable at \$13.50 per share which vest over one year on a quarterly basis. The difference between the market price of \$19.00 per share and the option exercise price has been reflected as unearned compensation to be amortized over the one-year vesting period. In addition, the Company issued 303,000 options exercisable at the market price of the underlying common stock on the date of grant which principally vest over one year.

## NOTE E - RESTRICTED STOCK AWARDS

Restricted stock awards have been granted to certain key executives in management. These awards vest on various dates between January 2004 and January 2006. Awards of 101,000 shares, 190,000 and 20,000 shares were granted in 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The average market price on the date of grant for awards granted in 2003, 2002 and 2001 as \$18.41, \$17.15 and \$18.80, respectively. Restricted stock compensation charged to expense was \$842,000, \$871,000 and \$188,000 for 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

#### NOTE F - PREFERRED STOCK

The Company has authorized 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock. The Board of Directors have designated 60,000 shares of such preferred stock as Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred"). Holders of the shares of Series A Preferred are entitled to dividends equal to 1,000 times dividends declared or paid on the Company's common stock. Each share of Series A preferred entitles the holder to 1,000 votes on all matters submitted to the holders of common stock. The Series A Preferred has a liquidation preference of a \$1,000 per share, and is not redeemable by the Company. No preferred shares have been issued.

## NOTE G - RIGHTS AGREEMENT

On October 30, 2001, the Company declared a dividend distribution of one preferred stock purchase right (a "Right") for each outstanding share of common stock. Each Right entitles the holder to purchase from the Company one one-thousandth (1/1,000) of a share of Series A Preferred at a price of \$75 per one one-thousandth (1/1,000) of a share. Initially, the Rights will not be exercisable and will automatically trade with the common stock. The Rights become exercisable, in general, ten days following the announcement of a person or group acquiring beneficial ownership of at least 15% of the outstanding voting stock of the Company.

#### NOTE H - OPERATING LEASES

The Company leases office, showroom and retail facilities under noncancelable operating leases with terms expiring at various times through 2013. Future minimum annual lease payments under noncancelable operating leases consist of the following at December 31:

2004	\$ 9,386,000
2005	9,161,000
2006	9,245,000
2007	8,814,000
2008	7,201,000
Thereafter	17,452,000
	\$ 61,259,000
	\$ 01,239,000
	==========

A majority of the retail store leases provide for contingent rental payments if gross sales exceed certain targets. In addition, many of the leases contain rent escalation clauses to compensate for increases in operating costs and real estate taxes.

Rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2003, 2002 and 2001 was approximately \$12,340,000, \$10,795,000 and \$9,142,000, respectively. Included in such amounts are contingent rents of \$99,465, \$151,000 and \$125,000 in 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Pursuant to certain leases, rent expense charged to operations differs from rent paid because of scheduled rent increases. Accordingly, the Company has recorded deferred rent. Rent expense is calculated by allocating total rental payments, including those attributable to scheduled rent increases, on a straight-line basis, over the lease term.

NOTE I - INCOME TAXES

The income tax provision (benefit) consists of the following:

	2003	2002	2001
Current: Federal State and local	\$ 12,183,000 4,660,000	\$ 11,411,000 4,266,000	\$ 6,899,000 2,176,000
	16,843,000	15,677,000	9,075,000
Deferred: Federal State and local	(1,648,000)		, , ,
	(1,978,000)	(1,090,000)	(480,000)
	\$ 14,865,000 ======	\$ 14,587,000 ======	\$ 8,595,000 ======

A reconciliation between taxes computed at the federal statutory rate and the effective tax rate is as follows:

		December 31,	
	2003	2002	2001
Income taxes at federal statutory rate State income taxes - net of federal	35.0%	35.0%	35.0%
income tax benefit	8.3	8.3	6.5
Nondeductible items	0.1	0.1	0.3
Other	(1.3)	(1.0)	(0.3)
Effective rate	42.1%	42.4%	41.5%
	======	======	======

The Company applies the liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that are expected to be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse.

The components of deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	December 31,				
	2003	2002			
Current deferred tax assets: Receivable allowances Inventory	\$1,007,000 685,000	\$ 930,000 703,000			
	1,692,000	1,633,000			
Non-current deferred tax assets: Depreciation Deferred compensation Deferred rent	3,169,000 1,682,000 767,000				
	5,618,000	3,699,000			
Deferred tax assets	\$7,310,000 ======	\$5,332,000 =====			

#### NOTE J - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND OTHER

#### [1] Indictment:

On June 20, 2000, Steven Madden, the Company's former Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, was indicted in the United States District Courts for the Southern District and Eastern District of New York. The indictments alleged that Mr. Madden engaged in securities fraud and money laundering activities. In addition, the Securities and Exchange Commission filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York alleging that Mr. Madden violated Section 17(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. On May 21, 2001, Steven Madden entered into a plea agreement with the U.S. Attorney's Office, pursuant to which he pled guilty to four of the federal charges filed against him. In addition, Mr. Madden reached a separate settlement agreement with the Securities and Exchange Commission regarding the allegations contained in its complaint. As a result, Mr. Madden resigned as the Company's Chief Executive Officer and as a member of the Company's Board of Directors effective July 1, 2001. Mr. Madden has agreed to serve as the Company's Creative and Design Chief, a non-executive position. On April 4, 2002, Mr. Madden was sentenced in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York to forty-one (41) months' imprisonment in connection with two of the federal charges to which he pled guilty. On May 3, 2002, Mr. Madden was sentenced in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York to forty-one (41) months' imprisonment in connection with the remaining two charges to which he pled guilty. The sentences will run concurrently. Under the settlement agreement with the Securities and Exchange Commission, Mr. Madden has agreed to not serve as an officer or director of a publicly traded company for 7 years. Neither the indictments nor the Securities and Exchange Commission complaint allege any wrongdoing by the Company or its other officers and directors. Mr. Madden began serving his sentence in September of 2002.

In December 2001, the Company purchased a loss mitigation policy to cover costs arising out of lawsuits related to the June 2000 federal indictment of Steven Madden described above. The policy covers the Company's anticipated damages and legal costs in connection with such lawsuits. The Company is obligated to pay for damages and costs in excess of the policy limits. The cost of the policy was \$6,950,000.

## [2] Class action litigation:

Between June and August 2000 several class action lawsuits were commenced in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York against the Company, Steven Madden personally, and, in some of the actions, the Company's then President and its Chief Financial Officer.

A settlement in principle of these actions has been reached, subject to execution of definitive settlement documentation, notices to class members, a hearing and approval by the District Court. The tentative settlement is within the limits of insurance coverage described above.

## [3] Shareholder derivative actions:

On or about September 26, 2000, a shareholder derivative action was commenced in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York, captioned, Herrera v. Steven Madden and Steven Madden, Ltd. An agreement in principle has been reached to resolve all claims in this action, subject to execution of definitive documentation, such notice to the Company's shareholders (if any) as may be required by the District Court, and approval by the District Court. The Company believes, after consultation with counsel, that its defense costs and certain attorneys' fees in connection with this action will be subject to coverage by the Company's insurance as supplemented by the loss mitigation policy described above.

NOTE J - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND OTHER (CONTINUED)

[3] Shareholder derivative actions: (continued)

On or about November 28, 2001, a shareholder derivative complaint was filed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York, captioned Herrera v. Karson, et al. Named as defendants therein are the Company and certain of the Company's present and/or former directors. An agreement in principle has been reached to resolve all claims in this action, subject to execution of definitive documentation, such notice to the Company's shareholders (if any) as may be required by the District Court, and approval by the District Court. The Company believes, after consultation with counsel, that its defense costs and certain attorneys' fees in connection with this action will be subject to coverage by the Company's insurance as supplemented by the loss mitigation policy described above.

The Company and certain of the Company's present and/or former directors have been named in an action commenced in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York by the Safeco Surplus Lines Insurance Company captioned, Safeco Surplus Lines Ins. Co. v. Steven Madden Ltd., et al. The complaint principally seeks rescission of the excess insurance policy issued by Safeco to the Company for the February 4, 2000 to June 13, 2001 period and an order declaring that Safeco does not owe any indemnity obligation to the Company or any of its officers and directors in connection with the shareholder class action and derivative cases referred to above. The parties have agreed to a resolution of Safeco's claims, the implementation of which is conditional upon judicial approval of the settlements of the shareholder class action and shareholder derivative actions discussed above.

## [4] Other actions:

- On or about January 22, 2002, an action was commenced against the (a) Company in the United States District Court for the District of Oregon, captioned Adidas America, Inc. and Adidas Salomon AG v. Steven Madden, Ltd. and Steven Madden Retail, Inc. The complaint sought injunctive relief and unspecified monetary damages for trademark infringement, trademark dilution, unfair competition and deceptive trade practices arising from the Company's use of four stripes as a design element on footwear. On or about September 3, 2002, Adidas commenced a second action against the Company in the United States District Court for the District of Oregon, captioned Adidas America, Inc. and Adidas Salomon AG v. Steven Madden, Ltd. and Steven Madden Retail, Inc. The second complaint sought the same injunctive relief and unspecified monetary damages for various trademark infringement claims arising from the Company's use of two stripes as a design element on footwear. In August 2003, the Company settled this litigation. The amount of settlement was previously covered in an accrual made with respect to this matter. The settlement did not have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.
- (b) On October 4, 2002, Skechers U.S.A., Inc. and Skechers U.S.A., Inc. II filed suit against Steven Madden Ltd. and R.S.V. Sport, Inc. in the United States District Court for the Central District of California. Skechers alleged claims for patent infringement, federal unfair competition, federal antidilution violation, California unfair competition, California antidilution violation, and common law unfair competition. Skechers asked for unspecified monetary damages. In April 2003, the Company settled this litigation. The amount of settlement was previously covered in an accrual made with respect to this matter. The settlement did not have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

NOTE J - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND OTHER (CONTINUED)

- [4] Other actions: (continued)
  - (c) In 2003, an action was commenced in the United States District Court for the Central District of California, against Steve Madden Ltd. The complaint seeks injunctive relief and unspecified monetary damages for infringement of two separate patents. The Company believes it has substantial defenses to the claims asserted in the lawsuit. The parties are currently involved in settlement negotiations.
  - (d) The Company has been named as a defendant in various other lawsuits in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, after consulting with legal counsels, the liabilities, if any, resulting from these matters should not have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

## [5] Employment agreements:

The Company has an employment agreement with Steve Madden, its former CEO and President, to serve as the Company's Creative and Design Chief. The employment agreement, as amended, provides for an annual salary of \$700,000 through June 30, 2011. The agreement also provides for an annual performance bonus, an annual option grant at exercise prices equal to the market price on the date of grant and a non-accountable expense allowance.

The Company has employment agreements with other executives (the "executives") which expire between June 1, 2004 and December 31, 2005. These agreements provide for cash bonuses based upon a percentage of year to year increases in earnings before interest taxes depreciation and amortization, option grants and non-accountable expense allowances as defined. Base salary commitments for these executives are as follows:

	===	========
	\$	3,112,000
2000		234,000
2006		234,000
2005		1,060,000
2004	\$	1,818,000

In connection with their employment agreements, two executives are entitled to receive an aggregate of 40,000 shares of restricted common stock from the Company. The restricted shares vest equally each quarter over the period of their employment agreements through December 2005. Accordingly, the Company has recorded a charge to operations in the amount of \$324,000 and \$188,000 for the 19,000 and 10,000 shares that vested during the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Further, one executive received 100,000 stock options exercisable at \$19.00 per share, the market price on the date of grant. 20,000 of these options vested on June 30, 2003 and the balance vest equally, each quarter, through June 30, 2005.

In addition, the Company accrued an aggregate of approximately \$300,000 for bonuses under these agreements for 2003.

## [6] Letters of credit:

At December 31, 2003 and 2002, the Company had open letters of credit for the purchase of imported merchandise of approximately \$7,458,000\$ and \$10,066,000, respectively.

NOTE J - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND OTHER (CONTINUED)

#### [7] Royalty agreements:

The Company entered into two license agreements to sell "Candie's" and "Unionbay" brand name shoes. The licenses expire in December 2009 and December 2006, respectively. Aggregate minimum future royalties under these agreements are as follows:

Year Ending
December 31,

2004 \$ 240,000
2005 4,200,000
2006 5,290,000
2007 4,200,000
2008 4,550,000
Thereafter 4,550,000

\$ 23,030,000

## [8] Concentrations:

The Company maintains cash and cash equivalents with various major financial institutions which at times are in excess of the amount insured. In addition, the Company's marketable securities and a money account are principally held at one brokerage company.

During the year ended December 31, 2003, the Company purchased approximately 13% of its merchandise from a supplier in Brazil. Total inventory purchases for the year ended December 31, 2003 from Brazil was approximately 19%. The Company also purchased inventory during the year ended December 31, 2003 from two vendors in China totaling approximately 32%.

During the year ended December 31, 2002, the Company purchased approximately 29% of its merchandise from a supplier in Brazil and 18% and 16% of their merchandise from two suppliers in China, respectively. Total inventory purchases for the year ended December 31, 2002 from Brazil and China were approximately 30% and 54%, respectively.

During the year ended December 31, 2001, the Company purchased approximately 28% and 21% of its inventory from a supplier in China and Brazil, respectively. Total inventory purchases for the year ended December 31, 2001 from Brazil and China were approximately 28% and 53%, respectively.

Sales to two customers accounted for 10% and 11% of total net sales for the year ended December 31, 2003. These customers each represented 17% of accounts receivable at December 31, 2003, respectively.

Sales to two customers accounted for 13% and 10% of total net sales for the year ended December 31, 2002. These customers represented 17% and 10% of accounts receivable at December 31, 2002, respectively.

Sales to two customers accounted for 13% and 11% of total net sales for the year ended December 31, 2001. These customers represented 18% and 15% of accounts receivable at December 31, 2001, respectively.

Sales to such customers are included in the wholesale segment (see Note K). Purchases are made primarily in United States dollars.

## NOTE J - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND OTHER (CONTINUED)

## [9] Valuation and qualifying accounts:

The following is a summary of the allowance for doubtful accounts related to accounts receivable and the allowance for chargebacks related to the amount Due from Factor for the years ended December 31:

	2003	2002	2001
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 2,215,000	\$ 1,644,000	\$ 1,640,000
Charged to expense	163,000	630,000	219,000
Uncollectible accounts written off, net of recoveries		(59,000)	(215,000)
Balance at end of year	\$ 2,378,000	\$ 2,215,000	\$ 1,644,000

The following is a summary of property and equipment and the related accounts of accumulated depreciation and amortization for the years ended December 31:

	2003	2002	2001
Cost basis			
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 27,507,000	\$ 27,512,000	\$ 24,097,000
Additions	6,061,000	5,072,000	3,415,000
Write-off of fully depreciated assets	(2,181,000)	(5,077,000)	
Balance at end of year	31,387,000	27,507,000	27,512,000
Accumulated depreciation and amortization			
Balance at beginning of year	10,434,000	11,805,000	8,497,000
Depreciation and amortization	4,743,000	3,706,000	3,308,000
Write-off of fully depreciated assets	(2,181,000)	(5,077,000)	
Balance at end of year	12,996,000	10,434,000	11,805,000
Property and equipment, net	\$ 18,391,000	\$ 17,073,000	\$ 15,707,000

The following is a summary of cost in excess of fair value of net assets acquired and the related accumulated amortization for the years ended December 31:

	2003	2002	2001
Cost basis			
Balance at beginning and end of year	\$ 2,780,000	\$ 2,780,000	\$ 2,780,000
Accumulated amortization			
Balance at beginning of year	714,000	714,000	575,000
Amortization	0	0	139,000
Balance at end of year	714,000	714,000	714,000
	+ 0 055 000	+ 0.055.000	+ 0 055 000
Cost in excess of fair value of net assets acquired	\$ 2,066,000	\$ 2,066,000	\$ 2,066,000

#### NOTE K - OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's reportable segments are primarily based on methods used to distribute its products. The wholesale and retail segments derive revenue from sales of women's, men's, girl's and children's footwear. The wholesale segment, through sales to department and specialty stores, and the retail segment, through our operation of retail stores, derive revenue from sales of branded women's, men's, girl's and children's footwear. In addition, the wholesale segment has a licensing program that extends the Steve Madden and Stevies brands to accessories and ready-to-wear apparel. The other segment represents activities of a subsidiary which earns commissions for serving as a buying agent to mass-market merchandisers, shoe chains and other off-price retailers with respect to their purchase of private label shoes.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. The Company evaluates performance based on profit or loss from operations before other income (expense) and the provision for income taxes. The following is information for the Company's reportable segments:

	Wholesale	Retail	Other	Consolidated
Year ended December 31, 2003:				
Net sales to external customers (a)	\$ 228,686,000	\$ 95,518,000		\$ 324,204,000
Gross profit	75,167,000	50,852,000		126,019,000
Commissions and licensing fees	2,838,000		\$ 5,056,000	7,894,000
Income from operations	21,589,000	9,133,000	2,904,000	33,626,000
Depreciation and amortization	1,136,000	3,604,000	3,000	4,743,000
Other significant items:				
Deferred compensation	2,877,000			2,877,000
Deferred rent expense	33,000	262,000	1,000	296,000
Provision for doubtful accounts	163,000			163,000
Segment assets (b)	139,625,000	37,828,000	417,000	177,870,000
Capital expenditures	2,667,000	3,394,000		6,061,000
Year ended December 31, 2002:				
Net sales to external customers (a)	234,253,000	91,883,000		326,136,000
Gross profit	77,889,000	48,794,000		126,683,000
Commissions and licensing fees	1,833,000		4,770,000	6,603,000
Income from operations	21,664,000	9,000,000	2,548,000	33,212,000
Depreciation and amortization	739,000	2,966,000	1,000	3,706,000
Other significant items:				
Deferred compensation	2,228,000			2,228,000
Deferred rent expense (reversal)	(14,000)	243,000	4,000	233,000
Provision for doubtful accounts	570,000		1,000	571,000
Segment assets (b)	113,477,000	36,166,000	857,000	150,500,000
Capital expenditures	1,246,000	3,826,000		5,072,000
Year ended December 31, 2001:				
Net sales to external customers (a)	163,904,000	79,487,000		243,391,000
Gross profit	57,858,000	42,015,000		99,873,000
Commissions and licensing fees	1,711,000		4,200,000	5,911,000
Income from operations (c)	10,095,000	7,023,000	2,244,000	19,362,000
Depreciation and amortization	869,000	2,577,000	1,000	3,447,000
Other significant items:				
Deferred compensation	533,000			533,000
Deferred rent expense (reversal)	(21,000)	249,000	(3,000)	225,000
Provision for doubtful accounts	219,000	,,,,,	, , , , , ,	219,000
Segment assets (b)	90,061,000	30,922,000	879,000	121,862,000
Capital expenditures		2,864,000		3,415,000
- *				

- (a) Attributed to the United States, based on the location in which the sale originated.
- (b) All long-lived assets, consisting of property and equipment and cost in excess of fair value of net assets acquired, are located in the United States.
- (c) Loss mitigation coverage expense of \$6,950,000 is reflected in the wholesale segment.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2003 and 2002

NOTE L - QUARTERLY RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

The following is a summary of the quarterly results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 (000's omitted):

	М	arch 31,	J	une 30,	Sept	September 30,		cember 31,
2003:								
Wholesale, net	\$	57,592	\$	63,335	\$	65,601	\$	42,158
Retail, net		21,106		22,409		23,062		28,941
Net sales		78,698		85,744		88,663		71,099
Cost of sales		47,733		53,436		53,067		43,949
Gross profit		30,965		32,308		35,596		27,150
Commissions and licensing fee income		1,690		2,145		2,205		1,854
Net income		5,049		5,780		7,073		2,552
Net income per share:								
Basic		0.39		0.45		0.54		0.20
Diluted		0.36		0.41		0.50		0.18
2002:								
Wholesale, net	\$	47,835	\$	65,742	\$	70,742	\$	49,934
Retail, net				22,369				
Net sales				88,111				
Cost of sales		40,070		55,127		56,763		47,493
Gross profit		26,541		32,984		36,255		30,903
Commissions and licensing fee income		1,244		1,574		1,819		1,966
Net income		4,093		5,262		6,268		4,218
Net income per share:								
Basic		0.33		0.42		0.49		0.33
Diluted		0.30		0.38		0.46		0.31

- (b) Reports on Form 8-K
  - During the fourth quarter of 2003, the Company filed the following Current Reports on Form  $8\text{-}\mathrm{K}.$
  - (i) A Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 28, 2003 and filed on November 3, 2003, pertaining to the Company's financial results for the three months ended September 30, 2003.
- (c) Exhibits.

#### EXHIBITS

- 3.01\* Certificate of Incorporation of the Company.
- 3.02\* Amended & Restated By-Laws of the Company.
  - 4.01\* Specimen Certificate for shares of Common Stock.
  - 4.02\* Rights Agreement between the Company and American Stock Transfer and Trust Company.
  - 10.07\* Employment Agreement of Arvind Dharia.
  - 10.08\* Employment Agreement of Richard Olicker.
  - 10.09\* Second Amended Employment Agreement between the Company and Steven Madden.
  - 10.10\* Employment Agreement of Jamieson Karson.
  - 10.11\* Amendment No. 1 to Employment Agreement of Arvind Dharia.
  - 10.12\* Employment Agreement between Adesso-Madden, Inc. and Gerald Mongeluzo.
  - 10.13\* Employment Agreement between Steven Madden Retail, Inc. and Mark Jankowski.
  - 10.14\* Amendment No. 1 to Employment Agreement of Richard Olicker.
  - 10.15\* Amendment No. 2 to Employment Agreement of Arvind Dharia.
  - 10.16 Amendment No. 1 to Employment Agreement of Jamieson Karson.
  - 21.01\* Subsidiaries of Registrant.
  - 23.01 Consent of Eisner LLP.
  - 31.01 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 or 15d-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
  - 31.02 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 or 15d-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
  - 32.01 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
  - 32.02 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
  - \* Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

# SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

New York, New York March 12, 2004 Dated:

# STEVEN MADDEN, LTD.

By: /s/ JAMIESON KARSON

Jamieson Karson

Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ CHARLES KOPPELMAN		March 12, 2004
Charles Koppelman		
/s/ JAMIESON KARSON	Chief Executive Officer and Vice Chairman of the Board	March 12, 2004
Jamieson Karson		
/s/ ARVIND DHARIA	Chief Financial Officer and Director	March 12, 2004
Arvind Dharia		
/s/ JEFFREY BIRNBAUM	Director	March 12, 2004
Jeffrey Birnbaum		
/s/ MARC COOPER	Director	March 12, 2004
Marc Cooper		
/s/ ROGER GLADSTONE	Director	March 12, 2004
Roger Gladstone		
/s/ JOHN L. MADDEN	Director	March 12, 2004
John L. Madden		
/s/ PETER MIGLIORINI	Director	March 12, 2004
Peter Migliorini		

 /s/ GERALD MONGELUZO
 Director
 March 12, 2004

 Gerald Mongeluzo
 S/ AWADHESH SINHA
 Director
 March 12, 2004

Awadhesh Sinha

# STEVEN MADDEN, LTD. FORM 10-K

# EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No	Description
10.16	Amendment No. 1 to Employment Agreement of Jamieson Karson.
23.1	Independent Auditors' Consen
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 or 15d-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 or 15d-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' CONSENT

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements of Steven Madden, Ltd. on Form S-8 (333-68712), Form S-8 (333-40924), Form S-3 (333-91127), Form S-8 (333-86903), Form S-8 (333-59995), Form S-3/A (333-59295), Form S-3/A (333-46441), Form S-8 (333-39335), Form S-8 (333-16381), Form S-8 (333-05773), Form S-8 (333-98067) and Form S-8 (333-106746), of our report dated February 10, 2004 on our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Steven Madden, Ltd. and subsidiaries included in its 2003 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

We also consent to the reference to our firm in the Registration Statements on Form S-3 under the caption experts.

Eisner LLP

New York, New York March 10, 2004

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14 OR 15D-14 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Jamieson A. Karson, certify that:
  - I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Steven Madden, Ltd.;
  - 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
  - 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
    - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
    - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
    - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
  - 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
    - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
    - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14 OR 15D-14 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

#### I, Arvind Dharia, certify that:

- I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Steven Madden, Ltd.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ ARVIND DHARIA

Arvind Dharia Chief Financial Officer

March 12, 2004

Exhibit 32.1

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Steven Madden, Ltd. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ending December 31, 2003, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Jamieson A. Karson, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to Section 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Exhibit 32.2

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Steven Madden, Ltd. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ending December 31, 2003, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Arvind Dharia, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to Section 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ ARVIND DHARIA

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Arvind Dharia Chief Financial Officer March 12, 2004